Tonestream

Application Control Manager Guide

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Solution Overview

Application Control Manager is a OneStream Solution designed to support dimensionality and user security changes with the right level of control and governance.

Application Control Manager is built for the Modern Browser Experience. The user experience may vary slightly between the OneStream Application and the Modern Browser Experience.

With Application Control Manager, you can:

- Utilize multi-level approval workflow for change requests.
- Import metadata from ERP, data warehouses, or MDM tools, and synchronize changes to OneStream.
- Provide an easy way for users to request dimensionality changes in OneStream.
- Create a new user or manage existing user group memberships.
- Use Mass Updates in MS Excel interface to import multiple changes at once.

Setup and Installation

This section contains important details related to the planning, configuring, and installation of your solution. Before you install the solution, familiarize yourself with these details.

Dependencies

Component	Description
OneStream 8.5 or later	Minimum OneStream Platform version required to install this version of Application Control Manager.
Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Standard SP1 or later	Application Control Manager requires an instance of Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Standard SP1 or later.

Select the Application Control Manager Development Location

Before installation, decide whether to build the solution directly in the Production OneStream application or in a separate Development OneStream application. This section provides some key considerations for each option.

Production OneStream Application: The primary advantage of building the solution in a Production application is that you will not have to migrate the resulting work from a Development application. However, there are intrinsic risks when making design changes to an application used in a Production capacity and it is not advised.

NOTE: OneStream strongly recommends that you implement the solution in the Development environment with a fresh copy of the Production application before starting work.

Development OneStream Application: As a best practice, use the Development OneStream application to build the solution.

Create the OneStream Development Application

- Ensure all the OneStream artifacts relating to Application Control Manager, such as Workflow Profiles and Entities, are in the Production application.
- 2. Create a backup copy of your Production database or copy your Production OneStream application to your Development environment and rename it. This Development version will be used for your Application Control Manager project.
- 3. It is suggested to temporarily increase the Database Command Timeout settings for the installation. This can be done in the OneStream Application Server Configuration Tool. In Database Connections under the Connection Strings section, set the Command Timeout and Command Timeout Large settings to 3600. These values can be reverted after the installation is complete.

Install Application Control Manager

NOTE: If you are installing a version older than PV820 SV100, you must close any existing and open requests from the previous version to complete the new installation. If an open request is detected, the installation process will stop and a log message will display in the Task Activity Log.

IMPORTANT: Open requests do not need to be closed when installing Application Control Manager version PV820 SV100. When loading a config, close out the request to prevent errors.

- In the OneStream Solution Exchange website, go to OneStream Solutions > Application
 Control Manager tile.
- 2. On the Application Control Manager Solution page, select the OneStream platform version from the **Minimum Platform Version** drop-down list.
- Select the most recent version from the Solution Version drop-down list and then click Download.
- 4. Log in to OneStream.
- 5. On the **Application** tab, click **Tools** > **Load/Extract**.
- 6. On the Load tab, locate the solution package using the Select File icon and click Open.
- 7. When the solution file name displays, click **Load**.
- 8. Click **Close** to complete the installation.
- 9. Navigate to Application Control Manager and you will see a screen with two steps: Setup Tables and Launch Solution.

- 10. Click **Setup Tables**. The application will inform you when this is complete.
- 11. Click **Launch Solution**. Upon launch, the screen will refresh and take you to the solution.

Set Up Application Control Manager

The first time you run Application Control Manager, tables are set up from the installer.

Package Contents

The Application Control Manager is the user interface for settings and application governance. The following Business Rules are included:

- ACM_MetadataSource
- ACM_DataSet
- ACM_Reports
- ACM_Config
- ACM_Engine
- ACM_FlowHelpers
- ACM_Globals
- ACM Helpers
- ACM_ItemHelper
- ACM_Logging
- ACM_Objects
- ACM RequestHelper
- ACM_SolutionHelper

Setup and Installation

- ACM_SQLHelpers
- ACM_Validations
- ACM_Param
- ACM_CreateFlowViews
- ACM_CreateRequest
- ACM_MetadataCommit
- ACM_PrepareMetadata

The following items are included with the installation to import metadata from source.

- Dimensions:
 - ° Entity dimension: ACM_MetadataImportMember
 - ° Scenario dimension: ACM_MetadataImportScenario
 - Account dimension: ACM MetadataImportParent
- Cubes:
 - ACM_MetadataImport
- Workflow Profiles:
 - ACM_MetadataImport
- Data Management Group:
 - ACM MetadataImport
- · Parser:
 - ACM_ImportMetadata
- · Connector Business Rules:

- ACM AccountSource Business Rule
- ACM EntitySource Business Rule
- ACM FlowSource Business Rule
- ACM ScenarioSource Business Rule
- ACM_MetadataSource Business Rule
- o ACM UD1-8Source Business Rule
- Transformation Rules:
 - ° ACM ImportMetadata View
 - ACM_ImportMetadata_Account
 - ACM_ImportMetadata_Entity
- Transformation Rule Profile:
 - ACM ImportMetadata
- Standard default Metadata, Layouts, Properties, Validations, and Request Profiles

Data Management Sequences and Steps are created for use with their related Business Rules. The benefit of running these processes through a Data Management Sequence is that they can run in the background while the user continues their work.

NOTE: It is not recommended to modify any standard default Dimensions, Request Profiles, Layouts, or Properties provided with installation as they may get over-written during the upgrade. Make a copy of them with a different name instead.

Application Control Manager Dashboard

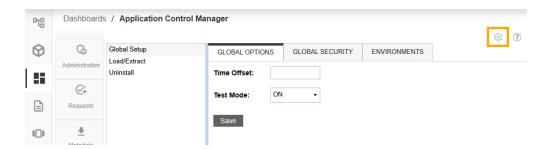
The following sections provide a detailed breakdown of the features in Application Control Manager:

- Settings
- Administration
- Requests
- Metadata File Import
- Exports
- Logs
- Reports

Settings

The Settings page contains global solution configuration settings including initial setup, uninstall, and the ability to delete, extract, or load application configurations data. Normally only an application Administrator should have access to these settings.

Click on the gear icon on the top right of the application to access the pages.



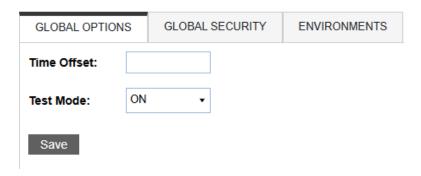
Global Setup

Most global settings are configured once during the initial installation and do not need to be updated on an ongoing basis. There are three sections under the Global Setup:

- Global Options: Set up preferred time zone adjusted from Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)
- Global Security: Select the application Administrator group
- Environment: Set up the environment to use when you Migrate requests

Global Options

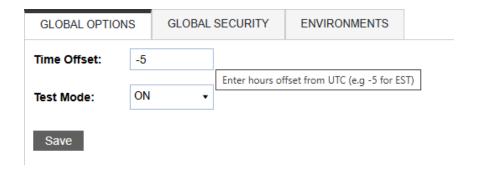
Global configuration options apply to the entire solution.



Time Offset: Use to adjust the server time to the local time zone. This is the time stamp
used on all activities in the solution. The value is the number of hours to adjust and offset
from UTC time. The value can be a positive or negative number to reflect the appropriate
time zone.

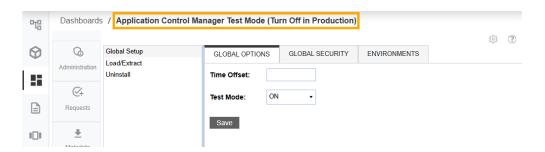
Examples:

- Offset to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) will be 0
- Offset to Eastern Standard Time (EST) is -5
- Offset to Pacific Standard Time (PST) is -8



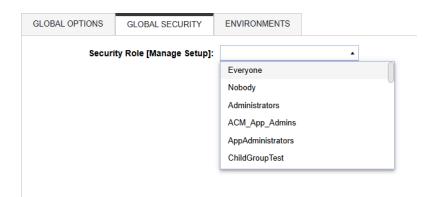
• **Test Mode**: Approval steps with attached security groups can be temporarily turned off to make the process quicker when in development or testing. The application banner will

indicate when testing mode is enabled.



NOTE: In order to save changes, ensure you select the Save button at the bottom of the page.

Global Security

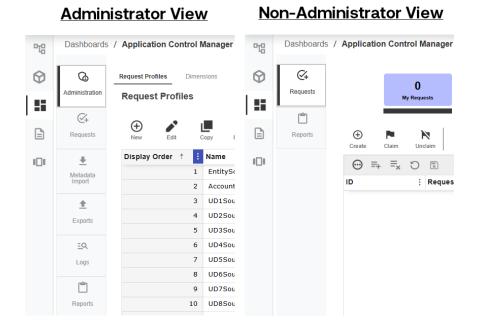


• **Security Role [Manage Setup]**: Select the OneStream security group that will be the Application Control Manager Administrator.

The drop-down menu displays all groups that are set up in the Applications Security Groups.

When selecting a group from the drop-down menu, you will have full access to Application Control Manager. A OneStream administrator must set the Application Administrator field.

IMPORTANT: Once a group has been assigned to the **Security Role [Manage Setup]**, users in the selected group will have access to **Settings** and can make changes as well, including setting the Application Administrator field.



Environments

The Environment page is used to configure the target environment used to export a request during the Migrate step. For more information on how to setup the migrate functionality, reference Migrate a Request.

Load/Extract

The Load and Extract pages are designed to allow extraction of the application configuration settings in a SQL text format. Some examples of configuration settings include the Request Profiles and Layouts. The extracted file can be loaded back into the application or loaded to another application.

For example, you can migrate the configuration settings from a Development application to a Test QA application or Production application.

Extract

Use to extract the components of Application Control Manager tables in SQL text format. You can extract a single table or use the Extract All icon to extract every table.



The following tables can be extracted:

XFW_ACM_Action

XFW ACM Config

XFW_ACM_CubeDefaults

XFW_ACM_Dimension

XFW_ACM_EmailSettings

XFW ACM EmailTemplate

XFW_ACM_Export

XFW_ACM_ExportFile

XFW_ACM_ExportProperty

XFW_ACM_Flow

XFW_ACM_FlowAction

XFW_ACM_FlowApprover

XFW_ACM_FlowViewProperty

XFW_ACM_PropCatAssignment

XFW_ACM_Property

XFW_ACM_PropertyCategory

XFW_ACM_ReportSetItems

XFW_ACM_ReportSets

XFW_ACM_Step

XFW_ACM_Validation

XFW_ACM_View

XFW_ACM_ViewAssignment

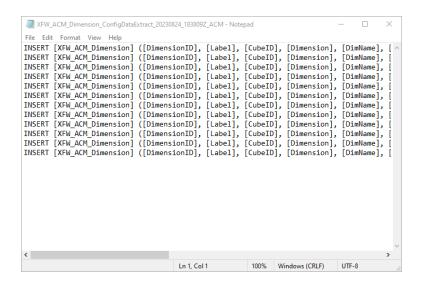
XFW_ACM_ViewProperty

XFW_ACM_ViewTab

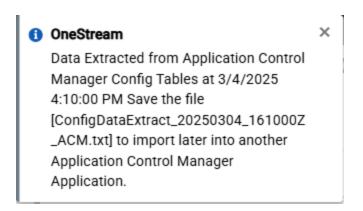
XFW_ACM_ViewTabAssignment

XFW_ACM_ViewValidation

• Extract: Select the specific configuration table that you want to extract to a .txt file similar to the one shown below for future import or backup.

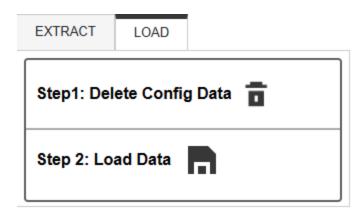


• Extract All Config Data: Extracts all tables of Application Control Manager configuration into a .txt file for future import or backup. Successful extraction will result in the following pop up alongside the .txt file.



Load

Use to delete and load the Application Control Manager configuration and components.



• **Delete Config Data**: Clears all current Application Control Manager configuration data in the tables listed below. Use this before importing new configuration data from file.

The following tables are deleted when selecting this option:

XFW ACM Action

XFW_ACM_Config

XFW_ACM_CubeDefaults

XFW_ACM_Dimension

XFW_ACM_EmailSettings

XFW_ACM_Export

XFW_ACM_ExportFile

XFW_ACM_ExportProperty

XFW_ACM_Flow

XFW_ACM_FlowAction

XFW_ACM_FlowApprover

XFW_ACM_FlowViewProperty

```
XFW_ACM_PropCatAssignment
```

XFW_ACM_PropertyCategory

XFW_ACM_ReportSetItems

XFW_ACM_ReportSets

XFW_ACM_Step

XFW_ACM_Validation

XFW_ACM_View

XFW_ACM_ViewAssignment

XFW_ACM_ViewProperty

XFW_ACM_ViewTab

XFW_ACM_ViewTabAssignment

XFW ACM ViewValidation

XFW ACM Property

 Load Data: Imports configuration data from chosen file. Must be in a SQL loadable format including INSERT statements.

Uninstall

1. **Uninstall UI** will remove the dashboards and business rules that are created for the application. The configurations data and requests history will remain. This is useful when upgrading to a newer version of the solution.

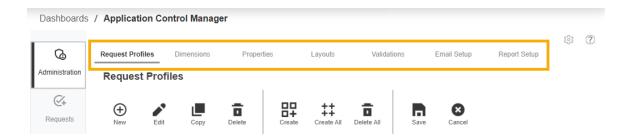
NOTE: All open requests in Application Control Manager must be closed before performing an Uninstall UI.

2. **Uninstall Full** will completely uninstall the solution including all components and data. This uninstalls the custom database tables and removes all dashboards.

IMPORTANT: Running this process will also delete any open requests. This process cannot be canceled or stopped once started. Unless you have backed up both the dashboards and data, you cannot recover from an Uninstall Full.

Administration

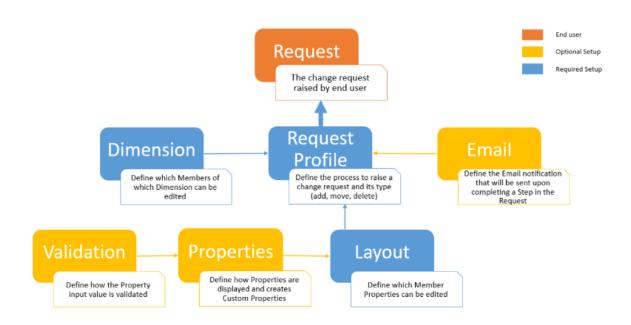
Each section within the Administration page is designed to work together to define the change request. Only administrators should have access to these pages.



Typically, the sequence below is what you will follow to create and complete a Request Profile, which is the main control for a change request. Each section below will be explained in more detail in this guide.

- 1. **Dimensions (required)**: This is the first step in designing a request. This page defines which dimension types, cubes, and hierarchies are to be managed in a request. This is a required step for the request to commit correctly.
- 2. Properties (optional): The Properties page defines all the possible properties that can be added to a request and how these properties will be rendered on screen in the Request Profile. The properties table is pre-populated with OneStream properties and delivered custom properties for the users. Normally you will not need to modify the default properties. However, this page allows you to create additional custom properties to enrich requests.
- 3. Layouts (required): The layout is where you define the properties that can be input within a request step. A layout is required in the Request Profile to turn on allowable actions. To minimize the changes to properties between steps, make them non-editable within the layout, but keep them included in the layout.

- 4. **Validations (optional)**: Validation controls the data integrity during input. It is an automated process that runs upon saving a line item and is validating the user input to prevent them from moving a request forward if the field is not valid. You can use the default validations or create a custom validation.
- 5. Email Setup (optional): Setup an email server and templates here to send out notifications to users throughout a request process. Two email templates are pre-installed in the application, but additional templates can be created. Even if you choose not to leverage email alerts, the system does require an email template to be assigned to the Request Profile as well as each step in the request process.
- 6. Request Profiles (required): You can define the steps a request should go through, as well as assign security groups and email addresses for each step. You will also define what actions can be taken in a request by assigning a layout to the action. Layouts can vary at each step of the process and each dimension that is assigned within the request profile so that a requester can have a layout different from other users that need to enrich or approve the request during the process.
- 7. **Report Setup (optional)**: Setup security access for the default reports or create a custom report here.



Refer to <u>Sample User-Initiate Request</u> to learn how to configure a request process from end-toend with screenshots.

Dimensions

This is the starting point when setting up Application Control Manager. First, you need to define which dimension, cube, and hierarchy can be updated through a change request. A valid dimension configuration is required to complete the Request Profile and for a request to run correctly.

A single dimension can be setup across multiple cubes, or the same dimension can be separated by different hierarchies or inherited dimensions.

For example, when setting up for an **Account** dimension:

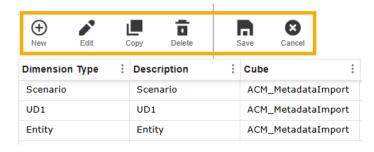
- The same CorpAccounts dimension name with the same root hierarchy can be assigned to different cubes.
- The same CorpAccounts dimension name can also be filtered down to a subset of the hierarchy such as Balance Sheet or Operating Expenses.
- If there is an inherited dimension, you can also setup a dimension for it by selecting the inherited dimension name.



Dimensions that are configured here will be used as selections when setting up the Request Profile.

Dimensions Toolbar

Dimensions



- **New**: Create a new dimension selection. This will bring up the Dimensions editing page allowing you to filter the dimensions as discussed in the section above.
- Edit: Select a dimension and click Edit to modify.

NOTE: If a Dimension has any associated request, either open or closed, you will only be able to edit the Member Filter tied to the dimension. This preserves the audit trail of the request.

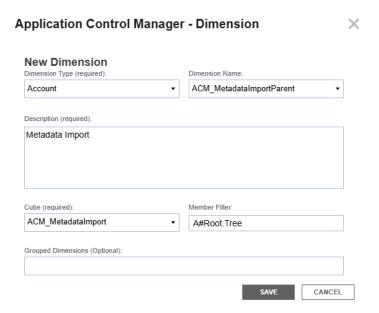
- **Copy**: Select an existing dimension to copy. This will bring you to the editing page where you will be required to provide a unique description.
- Delete: Select an existing dimension to delete. A dimension cannot be deleted if it is
 assigned to a Request Profile. This restriction is to ensure accidental deletion when a
 Dimension is being used in a change request. The system will deliver with preset
 dimensions to support the Metadata File Import process using the Excel template.

IMPORTANT: It is not recommended that you delete these dimensions.

- Save: Save changes made in the grid.
- Cancel: Cancels all changes made directly in the grid since the last save.

Dimensions Grid and Editing Page

Dimension fields can be edited directly on the Dimension page grid or by using the editing page. This page is accessible when you select New, Edit, or Copy icons.



- Dimension Type (required): Type of dimension that can be updated within the request.
 Drop-down menu of the twelve supported dimension types (Entity, Account, Scenario, Flow and UD1-UD8).
- **Dimension Name**: Based on the selection of the dimension type above, this field will filter a list of associated dimensions from the application's dimension library.
- Description (required): Unique identifier used in the Request Profile to manage a dimension. Description length cannot exceed 250 characters.
- Cube (required): All available cubes within your application are listed in the drop-down
 menu.
- Member Filter: Further limit the dimension hierarchies that are available for updates by specifying a member filter here. Example format of member filters is:

A#Root.Tree

UD1#CostCenters.Tree

The first part of the filter indicates the dimension type with the # sign, followed by the level of the hierarchy, and then the expansion. Currently Application Control Manager supports the Root and .Tree expansion.

Grouped Dimensions (optional): This feature allows you to create a member in multiple
dimensions with only one input during a user-initiated request process. Grouped
Dimensions can only be edited from the Dimension editor dialog box, not in the summary
grid.

For example, when you group Entity and UD1 together, a user only needs to input once in the request and the application will automatically generate the second line item for the other grouped dimension.

NOTE: The Grouped Dimensions feature is not compatible with Mass Update. To make changes to multiple dimensions in a single request, add your dimensions to the request profile, then you can make changes to multiple dimensions when using Mass Update.

See Setup and Use Group Dimensions.

Properties

The Properties page contains a table that is pre-installed with all the OneStream dimension properties and commonly used custom properties that you can leverage when creating a request. In this page, users can view, edit, or add properties that may be leveraged when creating a layout.

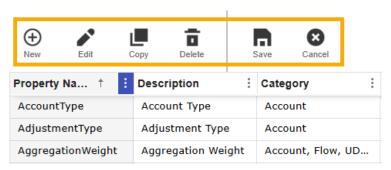
Properties must appear on this page to be added to a layout and used in the request process.

CAUTION: Administrators should avoid editing or deleting any of the pre-installed properties. Editing the parameters or component types for OneStream dimension properties may cause a commit error. There is no risk to leaving the properties in the table for potential future use.

For information on the function of each OneStream property, see Application Properties in the Design and Reference Guide.

Properties Toolbar

Properties



New: Create a new property, like a custom property needed to support your organization's request process.

Edit: Select a property and click Edit to modify.

Copy: Select an existing property to copy. This will bring you to the editing page where you will provide a unique description.

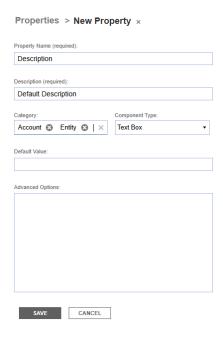
Delete: Select an existing property to delete. A property cannot be deleted if there is an associated request.

Save: Save changes made in the grid.

Cancel: Cancel all changes made directly in the grid since the last save.

Properties Grid and Editing Page

All properties for the twelve OneStream supported dimensions, the Security User properties, and the Custom created properties are included in the property grid. For each property, the following configurable fields are available for update either directly on the grid or by using the editing page.



Property Name and Property Description

The required property name and description for default properties are defined by OneStream. It is not recommended to delete or edit the default OneStream properties. Users will need to create a name and description for any custom created properties. All properties must have a unique name and description in order to save.

The unique name is used for data storing purposes in the table. You can use the custom label function within the **Layout** page to control how an end user will see the property names in the layout.

Example: if the property "Description" is used across multiple categories, the property may have different custom labels for ease of use within the different layouts. If a user creates two layouts Entity and UD1, they may have the Description property in both. The Description property within the Entity layout could have a custom label of "Entity Name" while within the UD1 layout, the Description property could have the custom label "Cost Center Name", making them unique and easier for the end user to understand.

Category

Each property is attached to a category to allow easy filtering. You will see the filtering in the Layouts page under the **Available Properties** pane.

IMPORTANT: Selecting a category is required.

The categories include:

- The standard twelve OneStream dimension types: Account, Entity, Scenario, Flow, and UD1-UD8
- User Security properties
- Custom properties specific to Application Control Manager

A property can be linked to multiple dimension types. For example, the Description property is attached to all twelve standard dimension types.

In addition, you can create a custom property and link it to a dimension category so that it is easy to find in the available properties list within the layout screen.

Example: If you want to track the department requesting an account, you can create a custom property for department, assuming it is not already a UD, and categorize it in Custom Properties as well as in the Account. This ensures admins can find the property when creating a new layout.

Component Type

Component type defines how the property will appear in the request. It is not recommended to edit the component types for the default OneStream properties and Security properties. These components are displayed in the grid for informational purposes only.

There are many component types available to the user when creating custom properties. The component selection is primarily used for Custom property creation and is normally set to Text Box, Check Box, Combo Box, or List Box.

The table below defines the component types within the drop-down menu:

Component Type	Description
Text Box	Free form input field
Check Box	Ability to check on or off

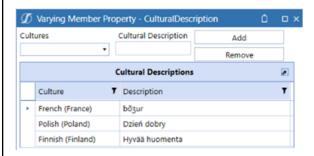
Combo Box and List Box	Provides a drop-down menu that can be populated using the following parameter type:	
	Parameter Type:	Parameter Name:
	Input Value	•
	Literal Value	
	Input Value	
	Delimited List	
	Bound List	
	Member List	
	Member Dialog	
	See Parameter Types in the Design and Reference Gui	
	for information on the different parameter types. Also, see	
	Custom Delimited List for instructions on how to create a	
	custom parameter w	ithin Application Control Manager.
Member Selector	Presents the existing hierarchical structures from the Dimension Library to help users quickly click and select a	
	base member.	

Parent Member Selector Presents the existing hierarchical structures from the Dimension Library to help users quickly click and select a parent member. **NOTE:** For this component type, the Advanced Options need to have the proper parameters including: IsParentName, DimTypeName, and PropName. There should be no spaces in the parameters. For example, IsParentName=True, DimTypeName=|!Item_mdb_DimTypeName_ ACM!|, PropName=ParentName Security Group Selector Provides a drop-down menu of all existing Security Groups in the application. Security Group Membership This component has a built-in feature to copy the security group assignment from an existing user. The Users dropdown list shows all existing users in the application. The icon is used to copy the selected user's security group to the Assigned Groups pane. Users **Available Groups** Assigned Groups Name Name ACM_ProcessGroup > Administrators < Everyone Nobody PBI Manage

Position Within Parent Selector	Custom component type to support the relationship property Position. This property does not store any values and it reverts to Retain Current Position after every commit. This behavior is consistent with the Dimension Library.
Varying Member Property Selector	Custom component type to support all OneStream varying properties. Following are the different varying types that a property could utilize: • Vary by Cube Type (Account, Entity, UD1) • Vary by Scenario Type (Account, Entity, UD1, UD2-UD8) • Vary by Scenario Type and Time (Account, Entity, Flow, UD1, UD2-UD8)
	 Vary by Year (Use in Scenario Input Frequency property) Relationship Vary by Scenario Type and Time (Entity)

Cultural Description Selector

Custom component type to support selecting and storing of multiple cultural descriptions.



Cultures: Drop-down menu that displays all the Cultural codes that are setup in the application.

Cultural Description: Text field to input the desired description. Click the **Add** button to save the description in the Cultural Descriptions grid.

Administrators can set up culture codes in the OneStream System Configuration. See General System Configurations in the *Design and Reference Guide*. After the culture codes are set up, you can manage them in Application Control Manager.

In the drop-down menu, the culture codes display in the correct code format (for example, en-US or fr-FR). You must use the code format not the name of the language (for example, use en-US not English).

For metadata file import, you must use "English (United States)".

Formula Editor	Custom component type created to support the Scenario
	dimension property Formula . This Formula property differs
	from other dimension properties by opening an editor
	instead of a varying property selector.

Default Value

Default value provides a pre-populated value when creating a request. This field is optional, and if not filled out, will appear as an empty field awaiting to be populated.

Advanced Options

Some component types can be customized by passing parameters. When writing parameters ensure there are no spaces in between the parameter name, the equal sign, and the parameter value (within squared brackets). Below are some examples of the parameters in the Advanced Options:

For a Combo Box, Check Box, or Text Box component type, a tooltip can be added to show customized message. When hovering over the property, the user will be able to read the message. An example of a tooltip parameter is:

Tooltip=[Select True if Entity is not the same as IC]

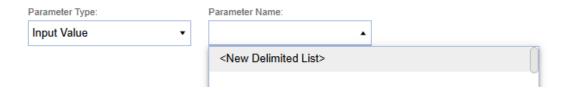
Tooltip=[Field allows for 50 character length Max]

- Use a Member Selector or Parent Selector component type to display existing hierarchical structures from the Dimension Library by entering this parameter:
 - IsParentName=True, DimTypeName=|!Item_mdb_DimTypeName_ACM!|, PropName=ParentName
- Or to specify a property as a Parent Selector, you would enter: IsParentName=True

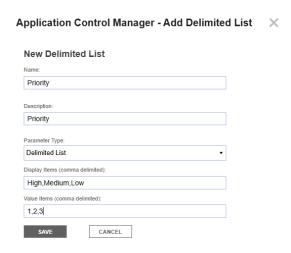
Custom Delimited List

When creating a Combo box or List box, you must specify a parameter name in order to save. You can select an existing parameter or create a new delimited list. To create a new delimited list:

1. Select the <New Delimited List> in the **Parameter Name** field.



2. In the Add Delimited List dialogue, populate the **Name**, **Description** (limit to 87 characters), and **Value items**.



Click Save. The list will be created as a Parameter under Workspaces > Application
 Control Manager (ACM) > Parameters, with a prefix of "CustList_" and can be edited from
 the workspace page.

Custom Properties

Custom properties are used to enrich requests. This allows organizations to create requests with specific sets of information outside the typical security or metadata properties. Examples may include tracking the department generating the request, the risk of the request, or the urgency of the request.

NOTE: These custom properties are only stored within the Application Control Manager table. They are not passed to the OneStream platform, and therefore their values are not stored in the OneStream Dimension Library.

Application Control Manager delivers several commonly used custom properties, but you can set up as many custom properties as needed. A list of the custom properties delivered in Application Control Manager are in the table below:

Name Description	Definition
------------------	------------

ReferenceAccount	Reference Account	Created for user-initated type requests, not applicable for the Metadata File Import process. Member Selector component type.
ReferenceEntity	Reference Entity	
ReferenceFlow	Reference Flow	Display a list of existing hierarchical structures from the Dimension Library
ReferenceScenario	Reference Scenario	based on the dimension specified in the Request Profile.
ReferenceUD1	Reference UD1	The parameter in these properties uses the member filter provided for
ReferenceUD2	Reference UD2	the dimension on the Dimensions page.
ReferenceUD3	Reference UD3	
ReferenceUD4	Reference UD4	
ReferenceUD5	Reference UD5	
ReferenceUD6	Reference UD6	
ReferenceUD7	Reference UD7	
ReferenceUD8	Reference UD8	

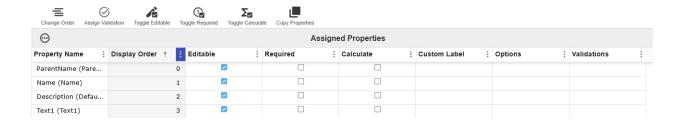
SelectMember	Base Member Selector	Created for user-initiated type requests, not applicable for the Metadata File Import process.
SelectParentMember	Parent Member Selector	Member Selector component type. Display a list of base members based on the dimension specified in the Request Profile.
CubeType	Cube Type	Created for the Metadata File Import process. Not applicable for user-initiated request. This property allows the user to include the vary by cube type information in the import source file.
TimeVal	Time	Created for the Metadata File Import process. Not applicable for user-initiated requests. This property allows the user to include the vary by time value information in the import source file.

RelationshipScenarioType	Scenario Type	Created for the Metadata File Import process. Not applicable for user-initiated requests. This property allows users to include the relationship vary by scenario type information in the import source file.
RelationshipTimeVal	Time	Created for the Metadata File Import process. Not applicable for user-initiated requests. This property allows users to include the relationship vary by time value information in the import source file.

Referenced Properties

There are twelve pre-installed referenced properties (one for each supported dimension) in the solution. When setting up the properties to automatically reference a member, check the **Calculate** box in the Layout and enter the parameters in the **Options** column.

For example, if you are referencing an Account while creating a new account, you may want to make Account Type a calculate field to copy the same type as the member being referenced.



Layouts

A layout is used to design the input form a user will leverage to enter details or to enrich a request during a change request process. A layout is required to create a **Request Profile** and layouts can vary by the different actions allowed in a request.

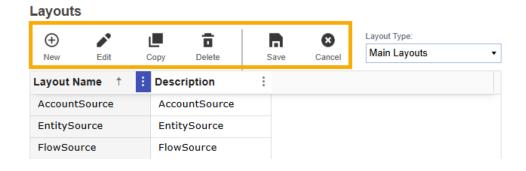
You can control a set of properties that are allowed to be updated, set required fields, or apply validations to the properties in a layout. A different layout can be created and assigned to different steps and actions in a Request Profile to control who can update what properties.

For example:

- For a requester creating a new account (Add action), the layout may contain most of the basic properties, but for copying an account (Copy action), you may create a different layout that only needs the Name and Parent name.
- For an Enricher, a layout may contain additional properties such as Text1 field where a requester will not have visibility into.
- For an Approval, a layout may be entirely read-only to control data integrity.

In the examples above, four separate layouts would be created to support the process.

Layouts Toolbar



New: Create a new layout. This will bring up the Layouts editing page.

Edit: Select a layout and click **Edit** to modify. This will bring up the Layouts editing page.

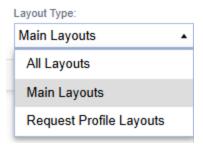
Copy: Select an existing layout to copy. This will bring you to the editing page where you will provide a unique description.

Delete: Select an existing layout to delete. A layout cannot be deleted if there is an associated request. It is not recommended to delete the OneStream pre-installed layouts. There is no risk in leaving the layouts in the list for potential future use.

Save: Save changes made in the grid.

Cancel: Cancel all changes made directly in the grid since the last save.

Layout Type: There are two types of layouts:



- Main Layouts: This is the layout a user will use as the main input form. When you create a
 new layout, it will automatically be labeled as a main layout.
- Request Profile Layouts: Prefixed with FV_ and is automatically created when a new Request Profile is created. Refer to the <u>Request Profile Layouts (FV_)</u> section for more information.

Default Layouts for Metadata File Import

Application Control Manager is pre-installed with a set of default layouts specifically to support the Metadata File Import process. Each layout contains the standard OneStream properties relevant to the dimension, as well as additional custom properties to support varying member properties.

See Dimensions in the *Design and Reference Guide* for varying properties descriptions.

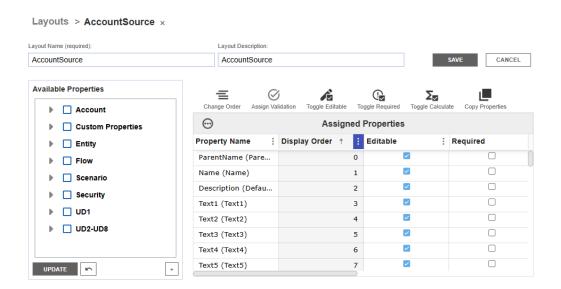
CAUTION: It is not recommended that you update or delete the default layouts. If you edit the default layouts, you will also need to update the Metadata File Import Data Sources connectors. See Define Metadata Import Properties for information on customizing the import process.

The following are the default layouts that are pre-installed in the application:

- AccountSource
- EntitySource
- FlowSource
- ScenarioSource
- UD1Source
- UD2Source
- UD3Source
- UD4Source
- UD5Source
- UD6Source
- UD7Source
- UD8Source

Layouts Editing Page

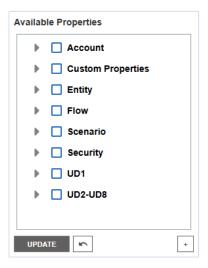
This page is accessible when you click the **New**, **Edit**, or **Copy** icons on the Layouts page.



Layout Name (required): Provide a unique layout name. No duplications are allowed.

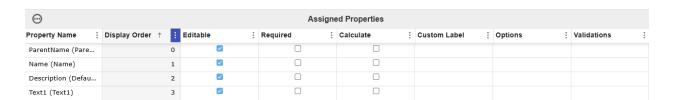
Layout Description: This is what will show in the Request Profile when assigning a layout to an action. Description length cannot exceed 250 characters.

Available Properties: All the properties from the Properties page will be displayed in the Available Properties pane organized by dimension types.



- **Filter**: Properties are categorized by dimension type. Use the Filter function to instantly search for a property.
- Update Button: After selecting the properties by selecting the checkbox, click on the
 Update button to move the selected properties to the Assigned Properties grid.
- Reset Property Selection: Undo the checkbox selections in the Available Properties
 pane. This does not unassign or change the Assigned Properties grid.
- Create New Custom Property: This will bring up the property editing page that allows you
 to create a new custom property. The new property will be available for selection
 immediately and will automatically be added in the Properties page.

Assigned Properties Grid: The main control of what and how a user can interact with each property assigned in the layout.



Property Name: Use the **Available Properties** pane to assign properties here. In the Metadata File Import Process, this property name must match the Business Rule connector field for the import to run correctly.

Display Order: The order of properties displayed in the layout. In the Metadata File Import process, this display order must match the Business Rule connector field in order for the import to run correctly. Duplication in display order will cause an error when processing the file import.

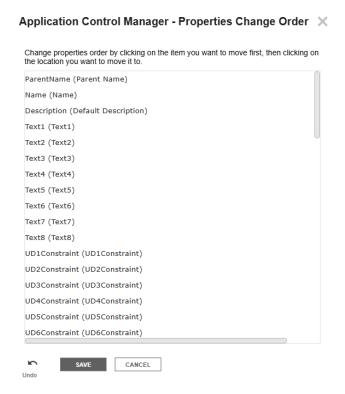
The following options are only applicable to user-initiated requests. They do not apply to the Metadata File Import process.

- **Editable**: Indicates whether the property can be edited during the request process.
- Required: Indicates if the property is required. When set to True, users will not be able to save the line item if the property is left blank.
- Calculate: Indicates if the property is calculated based on another property. Typically, this
 is used in conjunction with a Reference property. See <u>Referenced Properties</u>.
- Custom Label: Overrides the property label.
- Options: Advanced options are used to allow passing of parameters to set a property as a reference property or set the property tooltip.
- Validations: Use the Assign Validation button to assign a validation to the property. A
 property can have multiple validations assigned to it. Assigned validations will be displayed
 in this column separated by a comma delimiter. In the Request Profile, a validation will run
 on a saved line item or on demand by clicking the Validate button.

Assigned Properties Toolbar



Change Order: Click this button to access the change order editing page.

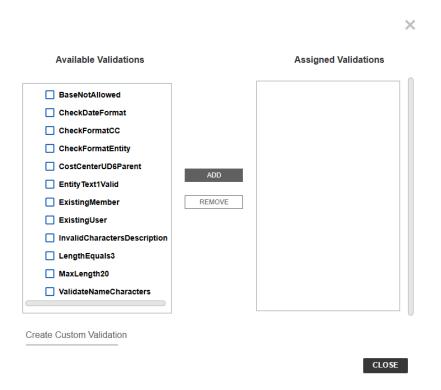


To change the order of the properties:

- Select the property to move.
- Select the property you would like to move it above.
- · Click Save.
- Click the **Undo** icon to revert the last action.
- Click the Cancel button to close the assignment window.

The Change Order column in the Assigned Properties grid will automatically update with the new order.

Assign Validation: Click this button to view the validation assignment window.



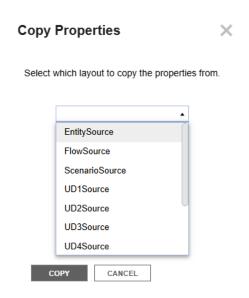
- Available Validations displays the pre-installed and custom validations available.
- Filter allows searching for a validation by name.
- Select one or more validations and click the Add button to move them to Assigned Validations.
- Click the Remove button to unassign validations.
- Click **Create Custom Validation** to create a new validation from this pane.

Toggle Editable: This will either select all or clear all checkboxes in the **Editable** column in the Assigned Properties grid. After you click this button, all previous selections you have made in the grid will be overwritten and cannot be undone.

Toggle Required: This will either select all or clear all checkboxes in the **Required** column in the Assigned Properties grid. After you click this button, any previous selections you have made in the grid will be overwritten and cannot be undone.

Toggle Calculate: This will either select all or clear all checkboxes in the **Calculate** column in the Assigned Properties grid. Clicking this will overwrite any previous selections, which cannot be undone.

Copy Properties: Use this button to quickly copy all the properties from an existing layout. Once you select which layout to copy the properties from, properties you have previously assigned in the grid will be overwritten and cannot be undone.



Request Profile Layouts (FV_)

Some users may want to capture information about a request as a whole (request level) versus at the individual line-item level. For example, information retrieved from a request level may be the **Request Priority** or **Business Justification** for submitting the request.

Application Control Manager can assist in this situation. When a **Request Profile** is created, the application automatically creates a corresponding Layout for it. The layout is saved as Request Profile Layouts type and is named with a prefix of FV_followed by the Request Profile's name.

For example, if the Request Profile name is Entity_Initiate1, then the layout will be named FV_Entity_Initiate1.

To access these layouts, navigate to Layouts page then select **Request Profiles Layouts** from the Layout Type filter.

Layout S We Edit Copy Delete Save Cancel Layout Name † Description FV_AccountSource [FV] EntitySource FV_FlowSource [FV] FlowSource FV_FlowSource [FV] FlowSource

Continuing with the earlier example, to capture the Priority of a request, first create a custom property in the **Properties** page. Then navigate back to Layouts page, select Request Profile Layouts from the filter, then select **Edit** to bring up the Layout editing page where you can then assign a custom property. Only Custom properties should be used as the request level.

Properties assigned to the Request Profile Layouts level will appear after you select the Request Profile and click **Create** from the home page. See the Request Detail section of this guide.

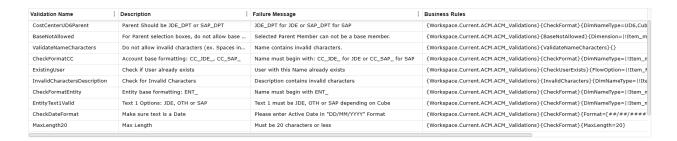
Validations

Validations are a set of rules that can be applied to a property to ensure data integrity. For example, descriptions can be set to not exceed a certain number of characters, or a particular date format can be set. Validations are optional and are not required to complete a Request Profile.

NOTE: Validations do not work on the initiate step in the Metadata File Import process. They are only applicable to User-Initiated and Mass Update requests. However, they can be part of a following layout profile for Metadata File Import.

Validations will run when you save the line-items, or when you click the **Validate** button.

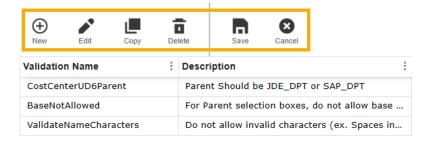
Application Control Manager is pre-installed with the following default validations.



You can also create custom validations.

Validations Toolbar

Validations



- **New**: Create a new validation. This will bring up the Validation editing page.
- Edit: Select a validation and click Edit to modify. This will bring up the Validation editing page.
- Copy: Select an existing layout to copy. This will bring up the editing page to allow for a
 unique description to be provided.
- **Delete**: Choose an existing validation to delete.

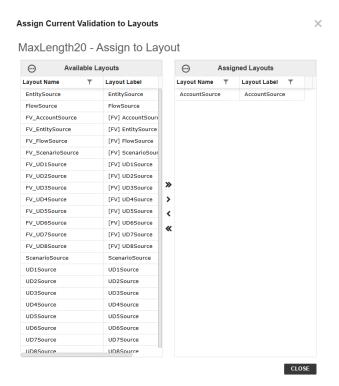
- Save: Save changes made in the grid.
- Cancel: Cancel all changes made in the grid since the last save.



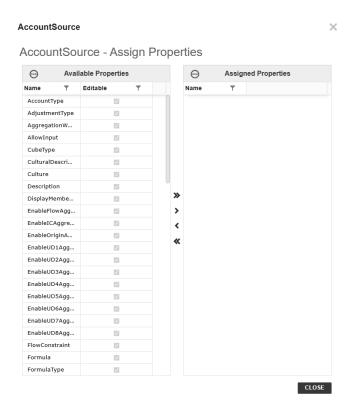
Use the Validations and Properties buttons to select an existing layout and assign the validation to one or multiple properties assigned to the selected layout.

NOTE: You must first select a layout by clicking the **Validations** button before clicking the **Properties** button.

Validations: This allows you to select an existing layout and assign a validation. First, select the desired validation, then click on this button to display the assignment window.

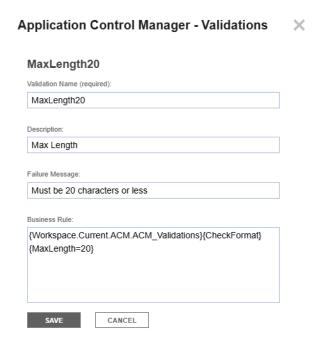


Properties: Select a layout before clicking this button. This displays a window with the assigned properties for the selected layout.



Validations Grid and Editing Page

Some fields can be edited directly on the Validations page grid or by using the editing page. This page is accessible when you select **New**, **Edit**, or **Copy**.



Validation Name (required): Choose a unique name for the validation. Duplication is not allowed.

Description: Enter a description of the validation. Description length cannot exceed 250 characters.

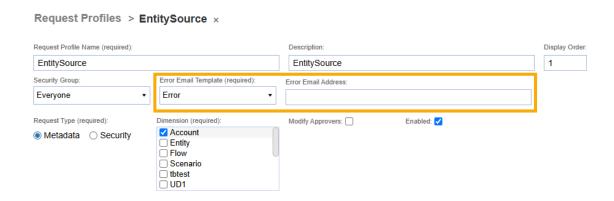
Failure Message: This is the message users will receive when the validation is triggered.

Business Rule: Enter the rules and parameters for the validation. All validation rules are stored in the ACM Validations.cs assembly within workspaces.

IMPORTANT: When creating a custom validation rule, ensure the parameters are added to the ACM_Validations business rule, which is unencrypted. Using another business rule is not supported at this stage.

Email Setup

Email can be used to notify users of the status of a request or notify the application admin when there is failure in a process. An email template is required to complete a Request Profile. You can elect not to use email notification by leaving the email addresses blank.

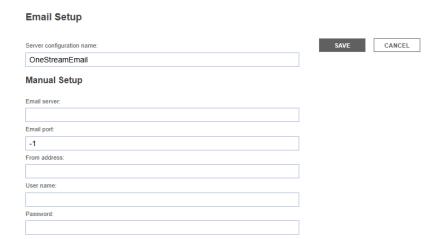


- Error Email Template (required): Email template sent out when there is an error running the request profile.
- **Email Template**: After a request is submitted, this is the email template sent to the specified email addresses.

Email Server Setup

Define the email server that should be used to send out email notifications from the application.

The server name is pre-populated with OnestreamEmail server. Choose this or enter your own server name and click **Save** to register it in the application.



- Server Configuration name: Specify the email server account to send notifications from Application Control Manager
- Manual Setup: Alternatively, you can manually input the configuration to setup the server.
 - Email server: Name matching the email server setup in the OneStream Server
 Configuration
 - **Email port**: Email port that is setup in the server configuration
 - From address: The address the application will use to send out the email
 - User name: User name for the email account used above
 - o Password: Password for the email account used above

Email Templates

You can set up a different email template to use at different stages in a request. For example, a template can contain next step information to notify users of a pending request. An email template could notify users when a request has been committed.

Two defaults email templates are pre-installed with the application: Error and Default templates. You can edit these default templates or create new templates using the available placeholders from the application.



Email Templates Toolbar

New: Create a new template. This will bring up the email template editing page.

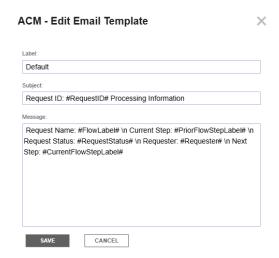
Copy: Select an existing template to copy. This will bring you to the editing page, where you will provide a unique description.

Edit: Select an existing template and click **Edit** to modify. This will bring up the email template editing page.

Delete: Select an existing template to delete.

Email Template Editing Page

Some fields can be edited directly on the Email Templates grid or by using the editing page. This page is accessible when you select **New**, **Edit**, or **Copy** on the Email Setup page.



- Label: A unique name for the email template. No duplication is allowed.
- **Subject**: Description that will show up in the subject line of the email.
- **Message**: The message that will show up in the email body. This can be customized by using the placeholder options below.

Email Placeholder Options

Using the email placeholder and the escape sequences below, you can customize an email template for use in different steps in the request.

For example, type in the content you would like to see in the body of the email, like **Request**Name:. Then specify the placeholder and enclose it with # signs, like #FlowLabel#. Enter \n to insert a line break.

Below are the available placeholder options:

- FlowName: Request profile name
- FlowType: Type of request, either metadata or security type
- FlowLabel: Request profile description

- FlowStepLabel: Current request profile step description
- **PriorFlowStepLabel**: Previous request profile step description
- FlowStepType: Current request profile step type
- Message: Custom message
- RequestID: Request identification number
- Requester: Name of the person who created the request
- RequestStatus: Current status of the request
- RequestNextAction: Show if the request is claimed by someone

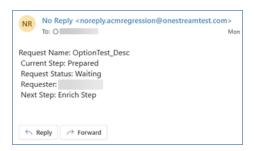
Escape sequence options:

- \n: newline
- \": doublequote
- \r: carriage return
- \t: tab

The Default email template is prefilled with the below placeholders as an example of how to format the message:

Request Name: #FlowLabel# \n Current Step: #PriorFlowStepLabel# \n Request Status: #RequestStatus# \n Requester: #Requester# \n Next Step: #CurrentFlowStepLabel#

The resulting email with these placeholders would look like this:



Request Profiles

Request Profiles represent the entire approval process a user completes when creating a new request. When a requester wants to start a change request, they must first select a request profile. A request profile controls the following elements in a change request process:

- Which dimension and hierarchy can be changed. This is defined in the Dimensions page.
- What approval or enrichment steps are required.
- Who can have access to each step.
- What email notification should be sent out for each step. This is setup in the Email Setup page.
- What actions (Add, Copy, Update, etc.) are allowed to be performed on the dimension.
- Which properties can be changed. This is defined in the Layouts page.

Request Profiles Toolbar

Request Profiles ô \oplus ## 8 ō M Display Order † Name Description : Security Group : Request Type EntitySource EntitySource Metadata AccountSource AccountSource Metadata Everyone UD1Source UD1Source Metadata

New: Create a new profile. This will bring up the Request Profile editing page, allowing you to enter details.

Edit: Select a profile and click **Edit** to modify. If a Request Profile has an associated open request, you will receive a prompt asking if you would like to close out the request before proceeding.

Copy: Select an existing profile to copy. This will bring you to the editing page where you will be required to provide a unique description.

Delete: Select an existing profile to delete. Ensure there are no associated, open, or completed requests to prevent the audit trail from being deleted.

Create: Create dynamic dashboard components for the selected Request Profile. Every time there is a change in a profile, you must click **Create** to regenerate the dynamic dashboard.

NOTE: If an error occurs when creating your Request Profile, select **Delete All**, then **Create** or **Create All** again.

Create All: Create dynamic dashboard components for all Request Profiles.

Delete All: Delete all dynamic dashboard components for all Request Profiles. This only deletes the underlying dynamic dashboards, not the Request Profile.

Save: Save changes made in the grid.

Cancel: Cancel all changes made directly in the grid since the last save.

IMPORTANT: The dynamic dashboards are created in Workspaces > Default > Maintenance Unit. Do not make updates to the Dashboard there. Any changes will be overwritten when the Create process is run. Only make updates using the Request Profile editing page.

Default Request Profiles for Metadata File Import

Application Control Manager is pre-installed with a set of default Request Profiles specifically to support the Metadata File Import process. Each profile is set with the following configurations:

- Dimension is set to the same dimension as the profile name. For example, Entity is selected for the EntitySource request profile name.
- The Initiate and Commit steps.
- The Action Group for each step is set to Everyone.
- Email Template is set to the pre-installed templates, the Error and Default templates.
- · Actions (Add, Copy, Update, Move, Remove) are turned on by default.

CAUTION: It's not recommended you update or delete the default Request Profiles. If you edit the default profiles, make sure to update the Data Source and supply the new Request Profile names for the default Metadata File Import to run correctly. Deleting the default profiles may cause import errors.

See <u>Define Metadata Import Properties</u> for more information on customizing the import process.

The following are the default layouts for adding and updating metadata members that are preinstalled in the application:

- EntitySource
- AccountSource
- UD1Source
- UD2Source
- UD3Source
- UD4Source

- UD5Source
- UD6Source
- UD7Source
- UD8Source
- FlowSource
- ScenarioSource

Request Profiles Editing Page

This page is accessible when you click the New, Edit, or Copy icons on the Request Profile page.



General Request Profiles Information

- Request Profile Name (required): Unique name for the profile.
- **Description**: Description users see when creating a request.
- **Display Order**: Order in which the request will display for user selection.
- **Security Group**: Indicates who can manage the Request Profile.
- Error Email Template (required): Email template sent out for errors relating to the Request Profile.
- Error Email Address: Email address receiving the profile error email, usually the application administrator group. Input the full email address such as admin@onestream.com.



Request Type

- Request Type (required): Specify if the profile is for Metadata or Security updates.
 Depending on the selected type, different actions will be available (Add, Copy, Update, Move, Remove, and Delete for Metadata. Add, Update, and Remove for Security).
- Dimension (required): Indicates which dimensions the request can update. You will select
 the Dimension Description as defined in the Dimensions creation step above. You can also
 select multiple dimensions and use the Grouped Dimensions functionality. See Setup and
 Use Grouped Dimensions. This will appear after selecting Metadata under Request Type
 and saving.
- Modify Approvers: Determines if the Approvers icon will be visible to users on the Request page. Enabling this features will bypass the security action group specified in the steps.
 See Use Modify Approvers for more information.



Steps

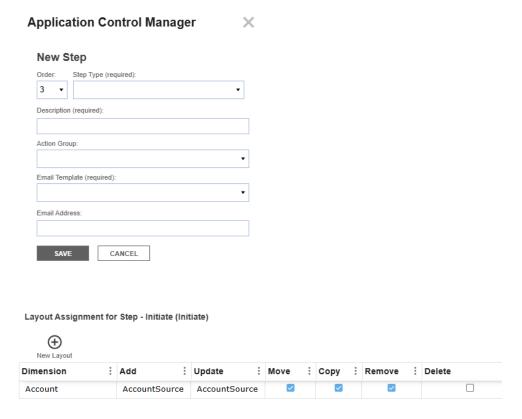
 Order: Indicates the stages the request will go through. Minimally you need the Initiate and Commit steps in order for a request to be created and committed correctly. Step orders must be sequential and cannot be duplicated.

- **Step**: The application is setup to support five step types. You can have multiple Process steps, but should only have one Initiate and Commit step.
 - Initiate: First step in creating a request. This step cannot be deleted.
 - Process: Additional processing steps to support the request. For example, for approval, enrichment, or review.
 - Commit: Makes the updates to the OneStream Dimension Library.
 - Migrate: Migrate requests to the target environment based on the setup in Global Options. A target environment is required to save this step correctly.
 - Export: Export Requests to the target folder based on the setup in Exports > Export
 Request. An Export Group selection is required to save this step correctly.
- **Description**: Give a description of the purpose of each step.
- Action Group: Specify which users have access at each step.
- **Email Template**: Select the email template for email notification. Email templates are setup on the Email Setup page.
- **Email Address**: Email group to be notified when the request has reached their assigned step. Input the full email address such as ABC@onestream.com.

Use the toolbar and step editing page to manage the steps in the request profile.



- Add Step: This will bring up the step editing page. The next number is automatically populated.
- Edit Step: This will bring up the step editing page and the selected step information will be displayed on the page.
- Remove Step: Select the step you would like to delete, then click on the Remove Step
 icon. You cannot delete a Initiate step.



Layout Actions

Determine what actions a user can submit in a request by assigning a layout to it in order to activate it. For example, to allow Adding of a new account, assign an Account layout to the **Add** column. Or to prevent user from removing an Entity, leave the **Remove** checkbox blank to turn the action off.

Only the Initiate and Process steps need to have layout assignments for actions.

- **Dimension**: Auto-populated based on the Dimension selection.
- Actions: There are six available actions in the application. Add and Update actions will only be processed if a Layout is assigned.
 - Add: Create a new member.
 - ° Copy: Copy a member and it's relationships.
 - Update: Change the property value of a member.
 - Move: Move a member to a new parent. This will remove the member from their current relationship.
 - Remove: Remove the current relationship of a member without moving them to a new one. If the Member is no longer a part of the Dimension structure, it will be placed under Orphans.
 - Delete: Delete a member. Members that have underlying stored data (such as Actual amount or Budget data) cannot be deleted.

As you select the Request Profile type, you will see the available actions in the Layout Assignment grid.

For Metadata the available actions are: Add, Copy, Update, Move, Remove, and Delete.

For User Security the available actions are: Add, Update, and Remove.



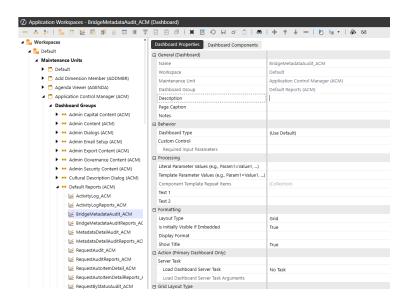
Click on the **New Layout** icon to bring up the Layout editing page and create a new layout without leaving the page.

IMPORTANT: After creating the Request Profile, or anytime after modifying profile options, you must return to the Request Profile Summary page to run the create dashboard process.

Report Setup

Defaults reports are pre-installed with the application. You can also create custom reports. All custom reports should first be created in the application dashboard group below:

Application > Presentation > Dashboards > Application Control Manager (ACM)



After the custom report dashboard has been added, you can then set up the report sets and assign security to the report.

Report Setup



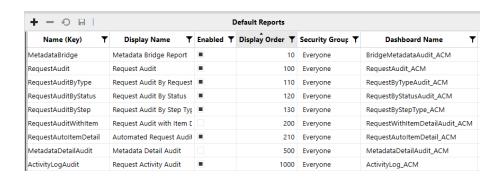
Report Sets

Report sets contain a group of individual reports. The pre-installed reports are grouped in the **Default** report set.

- 🛨 : Add a new report set.
- Delete a selected report set.
- O : Undo unsaved changes.
- 🖬 : Save changes to the report sets.

Reports

When you click on a report set, the lower pane opens where you can add and manage individual reports.



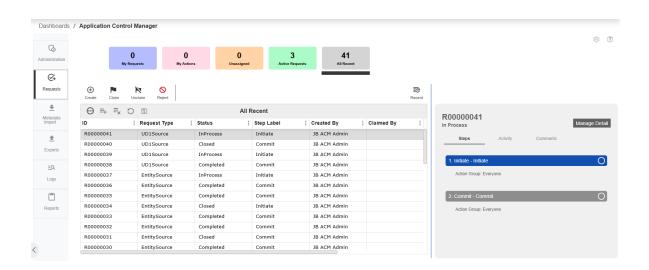
- # : Add a report to the set.
- Delete a selected report from the set.
- O : Undo unsaved changes.
- 🖬 : Save changes to the report.

The report table has the following columns:

- Name (Key): Unique name for the report.
- **Display Name**: The name of the report displayed to the end user.
- **Enabled**: Determines if the report in the set can be seen by the end user.
- **Display Order**: Arranges reports in numerical order.
- Security Group: Assigns the OneStream security group that can view this report.
- Dashboard Name: Name of the report dashboard in Application Control Manager. Custom reports must first be created in the Application > Presentation > Dashboards > Application Control Manager (ACM).

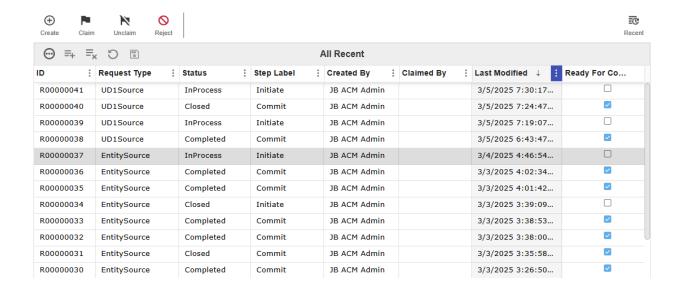
Request Home Page

Any user with access to create a request will go to the Requests Home Page to start the process. Administrators grant access from the Settings page. A user that needs to approve or enrich a request will also go to this page for processing. This page is accessible from the left navigation panel on the left-hand side of the application.



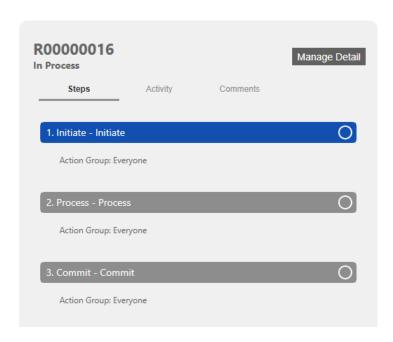
Request Grid

The request grid featured on the Requests Home Page displays summarized information about the request. To view the line item details, select a request and click the **Manage Detail** button on the **Request Detail** panel.



- ID: System generated identification number for the request
- Request Type: Show the Request Profile descriptions
- **Status**: The current status of the request. Available statuses are:
 - **InProcess**: Applies to request that has been initiated or claimed.
 - **Waiting**: Submitted by prior step and is now pending next step action.
 - Closed: Closed without being committed. Usually it is either rejected or closed by system.
 - ° Completed: Ran through the commit step.
 - FailedCommit: Ran through the commit step but there are line items that failed.
 - AwaitingApproval: This status will only appear if additional approvers are added to the request using the Modify Approvers feature. Refer to Use Modify Approvers for more information.
- Step Label: Description of the step as set in the Request Profile.
- Created By: Name of the user who created the request.
- Claimed By: Name of the user who claimed the request. The default value for this is Unclaimed.
- Last Modified Date: Time stamp indicating the last modification date and time.
- Ready for Commit: Indicates if the request is ready to be committed. When a request
 reaches the Commit step, this column will automatically be set to True. Administrators can
 un-select the check box in the grid to set it to False.

Request Detail Panel



When you select a request from the Request Grid, the detail panel for that request will populate to the right of the grid. This panel shows the request number and status of your selected request, a breakdown of each step of the request, the latest activity of the request, and any comments related to the request.

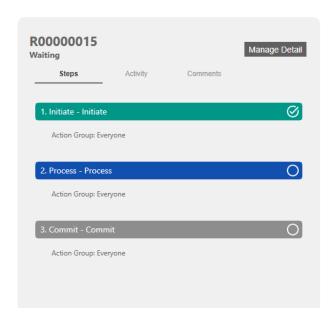
Depending on the request selected, the button in the top-right corner of the panel will say either **View Details** or **Manage Details**:

- **View Details**: You can view the details of a submitted request, a completed or closed request, or a request in the Commit step.
- Manage Details: You can manage request details to edit a request that you have started but not yet submitted, or when you belong to the action group assigned to the Process step.

Steps

The first tab on the Request Detail Panel shows each step of the request process that your selected request will travel through as defined in your Request Profile. Completed steps will appear green with a checkmark, steps that are currently in process will appear blue without a checkmark, and steps that have not yet been started will remain greyed out. If there are many steps in your selected request's process, the pane will scroll to show all upcoming steps.

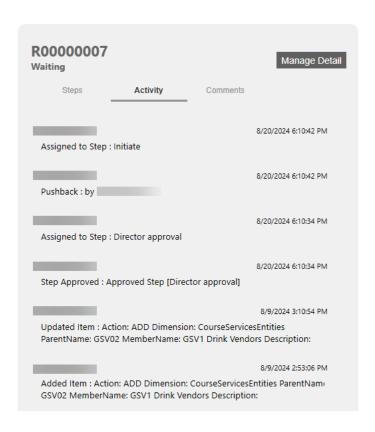
In the example below, you can see that the Initiate step has been completed while the request is currently in the Process step. The remaining steps will stay greyed out until the request has progressed.



The Steps tab will also indicate which Action Group is assigned to each step, as determined by the Request Profile.

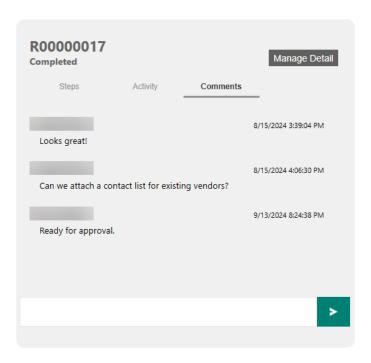
As the request moves throughout the process, the Steps tab will update accordingly. When a request is pushed back to a previous step, the formerly completed step (indicated by a green banner and checkmark) will revert to the blue banner, showing that the step is in process.

Request Activity



The Request Activity tab will display all activities associated with the selected request, with the most recent activity at the top. Each entry will log a description of the activity, a timestamp of when it was performed, and the username of the user performing the action.

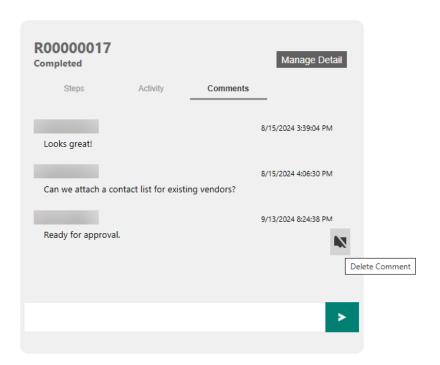
Comments



The final tab on the detail panel displays any comments made during the request process. This pane displays the Username, timestamp, and content of each comment made with the most recent entry shown at the bottom of the comments log.

When on the Comments tab, an entry box will populate at the bottom of the log to allow for new comments to be added directly from the Request Home Page. Comments should not exceed 250 characters.

When a request is still active, you can delete any comments that you have created yourself. After a request is completed or closed, comments can no longer be deleted for auditing purposes.



Commit

Once you are satisfied with your request and ready to move it to the next step in the process, use the **Commit** button to apply the request changes to your Dimension Library.

Request Filters

Use the request filters to quickly refresh the Master Request grid and display the relevant requests. There is an option for you to input how many days of requests to show in the grid.



- My Requests: Shows requests the current user has created.
- My Actions: Shows requests with pending actions for the current user.
- **Unassigned**: Shows requests that are not claimed by any user.
- Active Requests: Shows requests that are currently active (not in a closed, completed, or committed status).
- All Recent: Shows all requests in any state from recent days as configured in the next option.
- This allows you to a

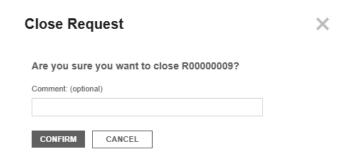
Recent: This allows you to specify which recent requests are shown. You can specify any number of days, based on the request's last modified date, to be shown in the grid.

Request Toolbar



- Create: Create a new request. This will redirect you to the Request Details Page.
- Claim: Clicking on this icon will update the Claimed By column with the name of the user who claimed it. A user cannot claim a request that was initiated by them.
- Unclaim: Clicking on this icon will update the Claimed By column with Unclaimed. See the Request Filters section for more information.
- **Pushback** or **Reopen**: Where applicable, this sends the request back to the previous step or reopens a request that has been closed but never submitted.

Reject: Reject and close out the request. A comment window will display. A comment is
optional to close the request.



• Commit: Use this to commit your request and apply the changes to your application.

Request Details Page



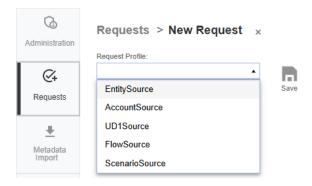
Requests can be created and managed from the Request Detail page. Below are the activities that a user can perform on this page:

- Add or delete items in the request. A request can contain multiple line items.
- Move a request forward or backward in the request flow
- · Reject a request
- · Attach, delete, and download documents

- Add comments to the request
- View the Activity Log

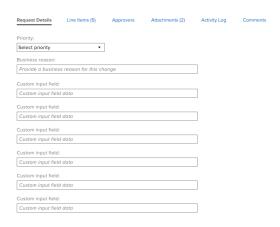
Select a Request Profile

When creating a new request, the first step is to select your Request Profile. From the Request Home Page, click **New** to begin a new request, and you will be redirected to select your profile. Use the drop-down menu to select your request profile. Only enabled profiles that you have access to will be shown on this drop-down. Choose the appropriate request profile and click **Save** to begin your request. Once saved, the profile will become locked to prevent any mistaken profile changes during the request process.



If you click out of the request detail page without saving your request profile selection, no request will be made. Only after saving your request profile selection will the Request ID be generated.

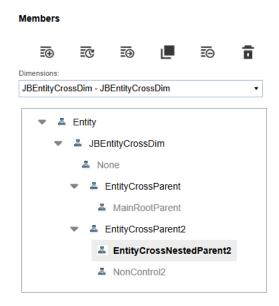
Request-Level Detail Page



This page will only appear if there are additional properties set in the Layout for the selected Request Profile. Properties that are shown in this section apply to the entire request. Some common properties used are Priority of the Request, or Business Justification for the request.

Request-Level detail properties can be entered on the Initiate step of a request. Once the request has progressed beyond this step, you will only be able to view these properties.

Navigation Tree



The navigation tree displays dimension members in a hierarchy to make creating a metadata request more efficient. You can click on a member in the navigation tree and then select the action you wish to take for that member.

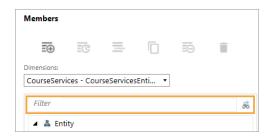
Metadata Hierarchy

When submitting a Metadata request, the navigation tree will display the available members according to the member filters set for the dimensions in the Request Profile. From the tree view, you can easily see the parent and child relationships, especially for extensible dimensions.

Dimension Selection

The dimensions shown on the navigation tree are based on those set in your Request Profile. A Request Profile can have multiple assigned dimensions. Use the dimension selection drop-down to display the member hierarchy you wish to view in the tree navigation.

Filter Member



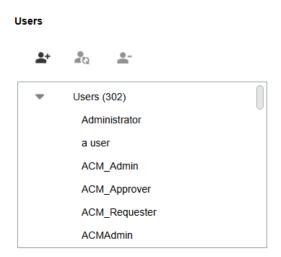
When you begin typing in the navigation tree filter box, the result box will show all members that contain the member's name, as well as their parent path. This is particularly useful in preventing you from entering parent-member relationships outside of the member filter.

Extended Member Types

Extended member types will appear gray in the tree navigation. For example, an Entity member that is extended from another Entity dimension or an Account hierarchy that is inherited from the parent dimension will both display gray. This is consistent with the way the Dimension Library displays a hierarchy.

Certain actions cannot be performed on an extended member type. For example, you cannot update member properties of an Account that is inherited. To update the member properties, you must select the dimension that the account originated from.

User Navigation Tree



A list of all existing users in the application will be displayed in the navigation tree when the selected Request Profile is a User Security type. The total number of users is shown in parentheses at the top of the list.

This list includes all users, regardless of whether their **Is Enabled** property is set to True or False. This is so that an update request can be submitted to change the enabled settings of a user.

The Filter box above the navigation tree allows you to search for a user using their full name or part of the user's name.

Metadata Request Actions

Request actions refer to the changes you can make to a member in a dimension. Application Control Manager provides six options that can be activated in Request Profiles.

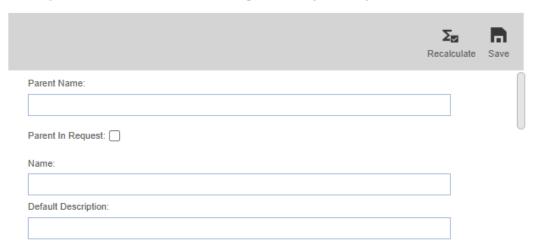
Administrators can select to turn on one or all actions in any given Request Profile. The action buttons on the Request Detail page are enabled based on the Request Profile configuration.

Add



Use this to add a new member to the hierarchy. After clicking the **Create New Member** button, you will be directed to the **Add Member** page. Here you should see all properties that are assigned to your request layout.

Requests > R00000010 - EntitySource (Initiate) > Add Member \times



CAUTION: If a member is selected from the navigation tree and then **Add** is clicked, the selected member will automatically be assigned as the Parent on the Add Member page.

Update

Members



Use this option to update a member's name, properties, or relationship properties. You must select a member from the navigation tree for the button to become clickable. When you click on the **Update** button, you will be redirected to the **Update Member** page. Here you should see all properties that are assigned to your request layout.

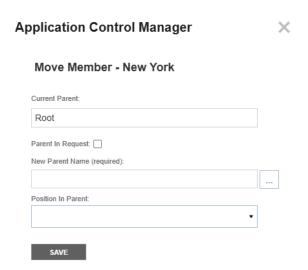
Move

Members □ □ □ □ □ □

This function allows you to move a member from the current parent to another parent.

You must select a member from the navigation tree for the **Move** button to become clickable.

After you click the **Move** button, the **Move Member** dialog box will appear with the selected member name and description at the top of the box, along with the current parent of your selected member.



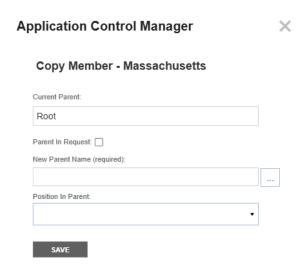
The Position in Parent setting can also be used to specify the position of the member within your dimension hierarchy. If Before Sibling Member or After Sibling Member are selected, an additional field will populate allowing you to select the sibling member that should come before or go after your copied member.

Copy



The Copy function allows you to make an exact duplicate of an existing member, including the member's name and all properties, and place it in more than one hierarchy. When copying a member, you will specify the new parent for this copied member.

First, select a member from the navigation tree and then the **Copy** button will become clickable. After you click the **Copy** button, the **Copy Member** dialog box will appear.



You can use the Position in Parent setting to change the current level of the member in the hierarchy in relation to its siblings. This setting cannot move a member out of the current hierarchy. If Before Sibling Member or After Sibling Member are selected, an additional field will populate allowing you to select the sibling member that should come before or go after your copied member.

Remove



This button Removes the current parent relationship of the selected member without deleting the member itself. You must first select a member from the navigation tree to make the **Remove** button clickable. If the member is no longer part of the dimension structure, it will be placed under Orphans. This option will not delete the member.

Delete

Members



Select this to delete the selected member from the Dimension Library. A member can only be deleted if it does not have data stored. If the delete action is enabled in the request profile, the button will become clickable only after you have selected a member from the navigation tree.

NOTE: If there is underlying data associated with the member you are trying to delete, an error message will show in the request for that member after the Commit step.

User Security Request Actions

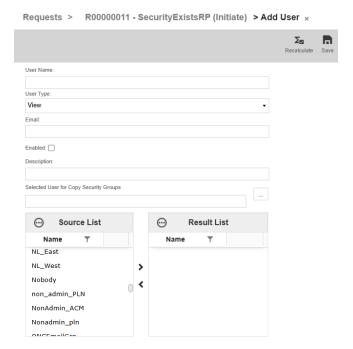
There are three available actions in the application to manage a user. In a Security type Request Profile, the administrator can select one or all three actions to control the types of change requests that can be submitted.

Add

Users



This button is used to add a new user to the application. Above the navigation tree on the **Request Details** page, there is an **Add New User** button. Clicking this button will take you to the **Create User** page where you should see all properties assigned to the request layout.



Above the User Groups box is the **Selected User for Copy Security Groups** property. This property allows you to mimic an existing user's group memberships to the new user you are creating.

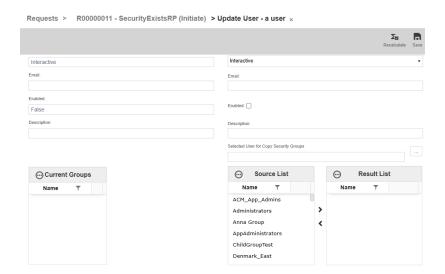
Update

Users



This is used to update a user's security profile settings, such as Email or Group Membership. This action can also update a user's **Is Enabled** property.

Start by selecting a user from the navigation tree, then click on the **Update** button. You will be taken to the **Update User** page where you should see all properties assigned to the request profile.



Remove

Users



Use this button to remove a user's access to the application. This is done by setting the **Is Enabled** property in the user security settings from True to False.

To reactivate a user's access, use the Update action to turn the **Is Enabled** property back to True. This action does not delete the user from the system database.

Item Detail Grid



Line items within the request represent the actions or updates you wish to be reflected in your application once the request is committed.

Where applicable, you can add multiple line items, or action types, within the same request. For example, you may have five new accounts and a couple of Move member changes within the same request.

The grid displayed on this page will depend on the type of request.

For Metadata requests, the grid will show the Action, Dimension, Parent Name, Member Name, Notes, Validated, Committed, and Parent In Request columns.

For Security requests, the columns displayed will be Action, User Name, Notes, and Validated.

With this grid, you can remove or edit line items as well as access the Mass Update function. For more information on using this feature, see Mass Update.

The **Remove** and **Edit** buttons will only become available once you have selected an item in the grid.

Edit Item Details

To edit a line item, select the item you wish to make changes to, and the **Edit** button will become available. Click **Edit** and you will be redirected to the **Item Detail** page. You cannot edit a Remove or Delete action, as there is no layout to be displayed. You can only add or remove a Remove or Delete action line item.

Item Notes

To add small notes or commentary to your line items, select the item and the **Note** button will become available. Click **Note** and a dialog box will appear allowing you to enter your note into the text box. Click **Ok** and the note will be displayed on the Item Detail Grid under the Notes column.

Mass Update

The mass update feature enables you to enter multiple metadata or security items within a single request using the OneStream spreadsheet, rather than entering each change individually on the Request Details page. This provides you with multiple methods of adding and editing your request line-items, which can be particularly useful when many changes may need to be made at one time.

For a walk through of how to use this feature, see Use Mass Update.



Spreadsheet Generation

When you click the **Mass Update** button on the **Request Details** page, a spreadsheet will be dynamically generated and open within the OneStream application.

Temporary Spreadsheet

The temporary spreadsheet that populates is generated based on the line items in the request.

One temporary file will be generated for each user when they open the Mass Update spreadsheet.

This file can be found in the OneStream file explorer under **Documents** within the user's folder.

NOTE: Since the file created is temporary, any formatting or additional tabs created on the spreadsheet will not be retained the next time the Mass Update spreadsheet is opened for the same request. To maintain formatting and use the spreadsheet for future requests, save the spreadsheet to your local device.

Line Items Tab

One tab will generate titled **Line Items**. This tab is required and should not be deleted or renamed.



Headers Row

The first header row, which is automatically generated, contains the properties that are assigned in the layouts for the request profile. Some fixed headers or properties appear in every spreadsheet. These properties do not need to be created or added to the layouts, they are generated automatically.

For Metadata request types, there are nine fixed headers:

- Dimension: Drop-down list of dimension(s) that are assigned in the request profile
- Action: Drop-down list of allowable actions in the request profile
- Current Parent Name: All actions except for adding a member require the current parent's name for the member
- Current Member Name: All actions except for adding a member require the current member's name
- Parent In Request: Indicate whether the parent for the member is being created within the current request
- Parent Name: The new parent name when adding, copying, or moving a member

• **Position In Parent** (optional): To specify where the member should be positioned in the hierarchy

NOTE: The Position In Parent options are: Before Sibling, After Sibling, First Sibling, Last Sibling, Retain Current Position.

- Sibling Member: If the Position In Parent is set to either Before Sibling Member or After Sibling Member, enter the sibling member name here
- **ItemID** (last column): This hidden column is for system use only. Do not populate or paste any values here.

For user security requests types, there are three fixed headers:

- Action: Drop-down menu of allowable actions in the request profile
- Current User Name: Specify the user that you would like to take action on
- ItemID (last column): This hidden column is for system use only. Do not populate or paste

Group Action

The Group Action column in Mass Update is for updating an existing user's group memberships. It is automatically generated when the User Group property is assigned to the layout.

You can use the Add Group or Remove Group options to specify the group you want to modify for that user while leaving other assigned groups unchanged.

IMPORTANT: It's recommended you have a dedicated layout with just the UserName and UserGroup properties to manage group memberships. When other properties are in a layout, for example email, you must provide the current value in the spreadsheet, or the existing values will be overwritten.



Properties in the Spreadsheet

Any custom properties assigned in the layout will be generated in the spreadsheet. Combo box type properties will also be created as a drop-down cell with the same pick list.

Some properties that contain secondary pop-up dialog windows, which are available when using the Request Details page, are not available in the spreadsheet. For example:

- Member or Parent selectors
- Copy from User feature for security access groups
- · Varying member properties selector

Input Data

The main methods of entering data into a mass update spreadsheet include manual entry, copying and pasting data in the spreadsheet, or importing an outside Excel file.

With a range of Excel functionality available, additional tabs, formulas, formatting conventions, or filters can be used within the spreadsheet to better organize the incoming metadata. However, as a new spreadsheet is populated each time the mass update button is clicked, any additional features or formatting will not be saved. To save any formatting that has been added, use the **Save As** button to save the spreadsheet onto your local device. This formatted file can be imported for use in future mass updates.

Manual Entry

You can input data directly into the Mass Update spreadsheet by clicking into a cell. Once an action is selected from the **Actions** column, some cells will change to gray indicating that input is not necessary. For example, if **Add** is selected, the Current Parent Name and Current Member Name fields are not required.

Copy and Paste Data

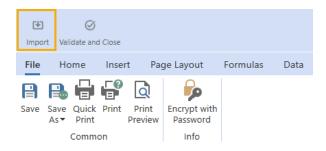
Mirroring Excel functionality, you can also edit the mass update spreadsheet by copying and pasting information from an outside Excel file or drag down data from one row to the next.

NOTE: Remember not to copy and paste the **ItemID** column, which is a hidden row located at the last column in the spreadsheet. This is row is for system use only.

Import Excel File

Excel files saved from past request spreadsheets, or those generated outside of the OneStream application, can be imported using the **Import** button within the Mass Update spreadsheet.

NOTE: Files cannot be imported from previous versions of Application Control Manager.

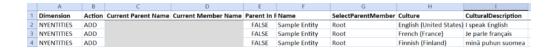


Excel files selected for import must feature one sheet titled Line Items. If this tab is not present or if it is not named Line Items, a dialog box will populate informing you that this tab must be present for import to succeed. The headers must also be an exact match to the headers generated by the Mass Update spreadsheet, including the fixed headers.

NOTE: If you attempt to import a file while there are existing rows within your request, a dialog box will prompt you to either **Replace** or **Append** the existing records.

Enter Varying Member Properties in Mass Update

When using the Mass Update spreadsheet to enter changes for varying member properties, ensure that each varying item has a row in the spreadsheet. See Import Shared Members and Varying Properties for more information.



If varying member properties are included in the layouts, all layouts for each step must have the same properties. For example, if Text1 is in the layout for the Initiate step, then Text1 should also be included in the Process step layout.

- For non-varying member properties, required fields must be in the first row from the group of rows that combine into one line item when saved to your items grid.
- For varying member properties, required fields must be in at least one row from the group of rows that combine into one line item when saved to your items grid.

When using Mass Update to make an update to any varying member properties, include all the existing values in the spreadsheet. If any existing varying member property contains data and is excluded or left blank in the spreadsheet, Application Control Manager will assume it is intentional and will remove the existing value.

For example, if Text1 currently contains value "123" in Scenario Type, Actual, and Time Value 2024M1 and you would like to add to it a value "456" in Scenario Type, Actual, and Time Value 2024M2, then both the existing "123" and the updated value of "456" should be included in the Mass Update spreadsheet.

TIP: To quickly pull all existing varying member properties for a member, first add a line item on the standard input page and then open that line item using Mass Update. You should see all varying members data listed in individual rows on the spreadsheet.

Validations

After data has been entered or imported into the spreadsheet, click the **Validate and Close** button to prompt the application to process each row and identify any existing errors. After this process is complete, a dialog box will appear to let you know the status of the validation check.

TIP: Several factors may impact the application performance during the validation process such as number of records in the spreadsheet or number of properties in the layout. Reduce the data volumes if the system slows down.

If there are no errors, a dialog will confirm the successful validation of the spreadsheet. If the spreadsheet does not pass the validation check, a list of action items will display what must be corrected.

NOTE: Failed validations will not show in the activity log.

The following are the validations each spreadsheet must pass:

- Action items must be provided for each row and cannot be left blank. Action items must be listed in all uppercase.
- Dimension Name must exist in the selected request profile and cannot be left blank.

- Parent In Request must either be left blank or set to True or False. This property is used to
 indicate whether the Parent for a particular member is being created within the current
 request. If there is a pre-existing Parent within the application, and it is not being modified
 within the request, this column should be set to False.
 - When Parent In Request is set to True, ensure the new parent exists in the ParentName row within the spreadsheet, or that the parent name exists in the line item table on the Request Details page.
- Each row must have a unique combination of data in the properties. Duplicate rows will produce a validation failure.
- Any validations assigned in the layout used for the selected request must be met within the spreadsheet.
- All required fields must be filled out.
- All actions except for Add require that Current Parent Name, New Parent Name, Member Name, or ParentName/SelectParentMember be filled out. If one of these fields is missing and is required to perform a selected action, the spreadsheet will not pass validation.
- Columns featuring a drop-down list must be left blank or filled with a value acceptable within the parameters of the request. This is particularly important to note for imported data.

Once the validation check has been passed, click **OK** to return to the **Request Details** page where your rows will be reflected in the **Items** table.

Edit Individual Items

Line items added using the Mass Update spreadsheet can still be added, edited, or removed individually, offering users multiple avenues of item entry and management. As the two sync together to maintain line-item changes within the request, any changes made using the item details layout will be reflected in the associated spreadsheet, and any changes made using the spreadsheet will be reflected in the details page.

Approvers



The **Approvers** page will appear only when the **Approver** option in the request profile is set to **True**. Enabling this feature will bypass the security action group specified in the steps. See <u>Use</u> Modify Approvers for more information.

Opening the page will lead you to a grid showing the User Name, Level, and Role of the assigned approvers, as well as columns displaying the Approval Date and any Comments.

To add a new approver, click the **New** button and a dialog box will appear allowing you to enter in the details for your approver. All fields except for Approval Date are editable. After you click **Save**, a new line will appear on your grid with the details of your new approver.

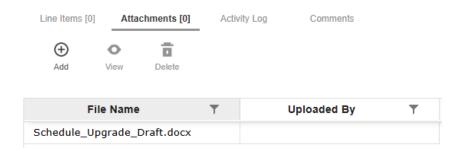
If you need to edit the details for an approver, first select the row of the approver you want to change and then click **Edit**. Again, a dialog box will appear, showing all the current details of your approver. After making your changes, click **Save** and you will see any edits reflected in the Approvers grid.

The **Remove** button will only become available after selecting a row in the Approvers grid. Using this button will remove the entire selected row.

Attachments

Using the Attachments page you can add, delete, and view all supporting documents as part of the change request process. The most commonly used file types are supported (xls, doc, pdf, png, zip). You cannot attach an xml file type to a request.

When you first open the page, you will see a grid displaying the name of your attached file and the user who attached it. When a new attachment is added, the tab will refresh with a total count of all attachments in the grid.



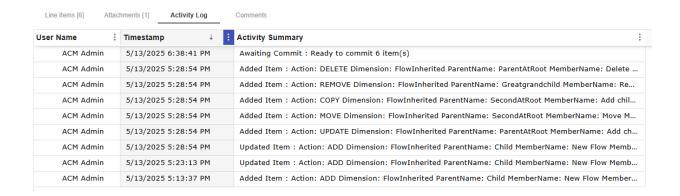
- New: Upload a new attachment file from your computer. You cannot attach an xml file.
- View: Open existing attachments to view only.
- Delete: Remove an attachment.

NOTE: Delete is available prior to a request being completed and the attachment was added by the request reviewer.

Attachments can be viewed or added regardless of a user's security level or the status of the request, however, they can only be deleted by the user who uploaded the file. To delete an attachment, the request status must be active (InProcess, Waiting, or AwaitingApproval). Attachments cannot be deleted once a request is Closed or Completed.

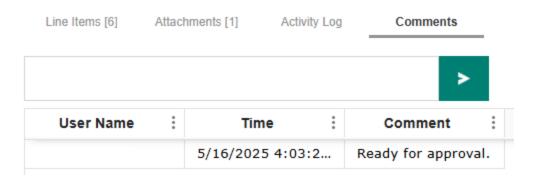
Activity Log

On the Activity Log page, you will find a grid detailing all actions performed within the request. This grid displays a summary of the action, the name of the user who performed it, and the time that it was performed. This grid is view only.



The same activity entries are also stored in the application Logs table.

Comments



In addition to leaving comments from the detail panel, comments can be added to your request by going to the Comments section of your Request. On this page you will see the comments grid which displays the User Name, Time, and Summary of each comment. Comments can be up to 250 characters.

You may only delete comments that were made by yourself and only when the request is not Closed or Completed.

Manage Request

From the Request page, there are a few different actions that can be taken to manage your request throughout the user-initiated process.

There are a few general rules built into the application, governing the integrity of the request:

- You cannot approve or commit a request that you created even if you belong to the security group for that step.
 - ° This excludes OneStream Administrators who can manage any request at any time.
- You cannot pushback a request that has already been committed, even when the status is FailedCommit.
- Once a request has been committed, all associated artifacts such as line-item details,
 comments, or attachments can no longer be altered. This is to protect the request audit trail.

There is an option to provide comments, such as the reason for rejecting the request. Comments will be added to the request and the reject action will also be added to the activity log.

Reopen

The option to Reopen the request will become available when a request is in the Initiate or Process step and the request status is Closed.

NOTE: Requests in the Initiate step can only be reopened by the user who initiated the request.

Requests can be reopened from either the Request Detail page or the Request Home Page. After clicking **Reopen**, you will be re-directed to the Request Home Page where you should see your request status updated to InProcess.

Reject

The option to Reject a request is available when a request is In Process or Awaiting Approval.

After clicking **Reject**, a dialog box will appear asking if you would like to close the request. A text box is available if you would like to leave a comment in addition to closing the request.

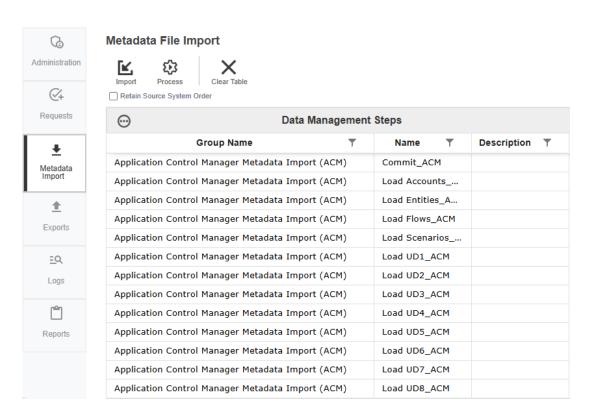
Commit

Once you are satisfied with your request and ready to move it to the next step in the process, use the **Commit** button to apply the request changes to your Dimension Library.

Metadata File Import

A set of default Metadata Import Add-Ons are created on install to provide a way to source a full dimension hierarchy into the application staging tables. After the metadata is uploaded into the application, a process will run to compare the data against existing dimension hierarchy and automatically create a request with the detected changes.

You can use the interface on the Metadata File Import page to upload metadata using an Excel template (see <u>Setup Metadata Import Excel Template</u>), or create a custom Data Connector (see <u>Setup Custom Metadata File Import</u>).



Import: Select an Excel template to import. Data in the staging table will be replaced (not appended) with the new import dataset.

NOTE: All orphaned members brought into the hierarchy come as a "Copy" line item when viewing the Request Details.

Process: Run the comparison process for the selected data management step.

Clear Table: Use this to clear imported data from the selected data management step.

Retain Source System Order: When checked, metadata will be sorted in the same order provided in the source data file.

Retain Source System Order

This allows you to specify how the metadata can be sorted in the dimension hierarchy. By default, this Retain Source System Order will be turned off. This is helpful when setting up and viewing financial reports. Enabling this feature will perform the following processes in the application:

- The Sort Order column included in the metadata import file will be read into the application staging table.
- The system compares the sort order with the existing hierarchy and generates a request if the sort order is changed.
- Sort order changes are committed in the correct order, as specified by the import source file.

IMPORTANT: Do not set the Sort Order to 0 as this will generate an error.

Import Add-On Components

The following different components are pre-installed with the solution to enable Metadata File Import engine to run.

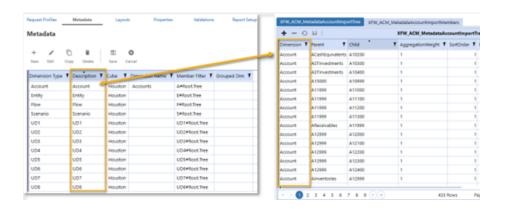
Import Add-On Staging Tables

Each supported dimension has two related staging tables created during installation. Data imported using Excel templates are loaded into these tables.

- - Import Tree table: Use for storing the relationship details, parent, and child. Each
 dimension table contains a different set of properties, including relationship properties and
 varying properties, relevant to the dimension.

The following columns exist in all tree tables:

 Dimension: The dimension column must match the description of the dimension you are loading. This is set up in the Administration > Dimensions page.



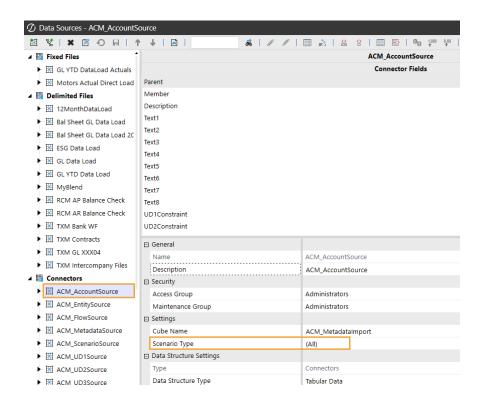
- Sort Order: Retain Source System Order checkbox must be set to True for functionality. You can use this to define how the member is sorted in the hierarchy. If order is not important, enter a value of 1 for all rows in the hierarchy table and ensure the Retain Source System Order checkbox is unchecked.
- **Import Member table**: Use for storing the member properties detail. Each dimension table contains a different set of properties, including varying properties, relevant to the dimension.

ImportMetadata that Uses Double Quotations

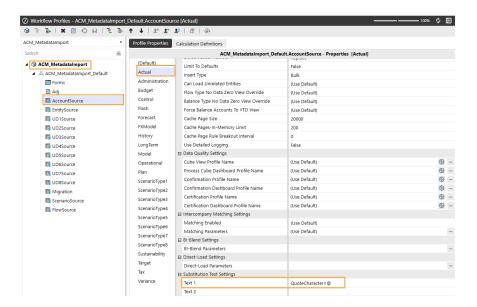
Application Control Manager uses the double quote as the default parser character in the connector rule. If you are importing Metadata that includes double quotations in the member description, text fields, or formulas, you must specify a different parser character. The following steps layout how to define a new parser character.

- 1. Choose a character that is not used in your data set. For example, @, ^, or a pipe |.
- 2. Navigate to **Data Sources** > **Connectors** and select the connector you want to update.

NOTE: Be sure to check which Scenario Type the connector is set to. In our example, ACM_AccountSource is set to (All) scenarios.



Navigate to Workflow Profile > ACM_MetadataImport > AccountSource > Actual
 > Text 1 and enter QuoteCharacter=[character of your choice]. If this field is populated,
 Application Control Manager will override the default quote character.



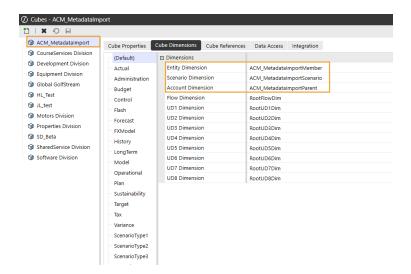
- Navigate to Business Rules > Connector and select the rule for your source import. In this
 example, we are using the default ACM AccountSource connector rule.
- 5. Update all properties in the rule with the parser character you have chosen.

```
99 // Create the SQL Statement
100 string sql = g"
101 SELECT t.Parent, m./Hember, 'g' + m.Description + 'g' AS Description, 'g' + m.Text1 + 'g' AS Text1, 'g' + m.Text2 + 'g' AS Text
102 'g' + m.Text7 + 'g' AS Text7, 'g' + m.Text8 + 'g' AS Text8, 'g' + m.UoUconstraint, 'g' +
```

NOTE: Only one parser character is used per connector rule, therefore you must update all properties to use the same character.

Cube and Dimensions

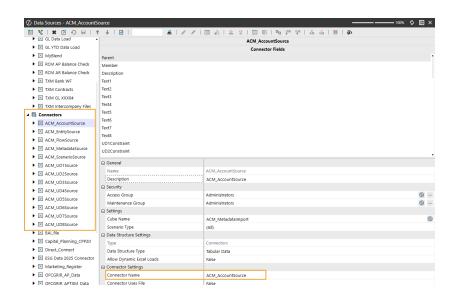
A default cube called **ACM_MetadataImport** and three members are created during installation. These connect to the default Transformation Rule Profiles and require components for the Metadata File Import process to function.



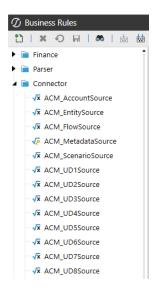
Data Sources and Business Rules

A Data Source Connector is created during installation for each supported dimension. These data sources are configured to connect to Application Control Manager Import Add-On staging tables using the default Business Rules Connector.

You can use the application interface to upload metadata using an Excel template. If you are not using an Excel template, modify these default data connectors to pull data from a specific file location (see Setup Custom Metadata File Import).



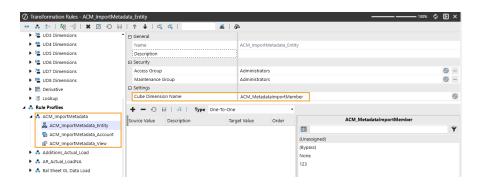
Each data source is setup to connect to the corresponding Business Rule Connector for the dimension type. For each of the supported dimension types, there is a Business Rule Connector created during installation.



The default Business Rules are coded with the properties associated with the dimension. The display order of these properties also matches with the default layouts created during installation.

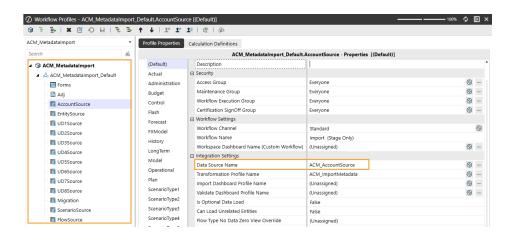
Transformation Rule Profiles

A Transformation Rule Profile called **ACM_ImportMetadata**, and three rule groups for Entity, Account, and View are created during installation. This profile is configured with the default cube ACM_MetadataImport and dimension names created during the installation.



Workflow Profiles

A Workflow Profile called **ACM_MetadataImport_Default** is created during installation. Each supported dimension under the Workflow Profile is configured to connect to the default data source connector created during installation.



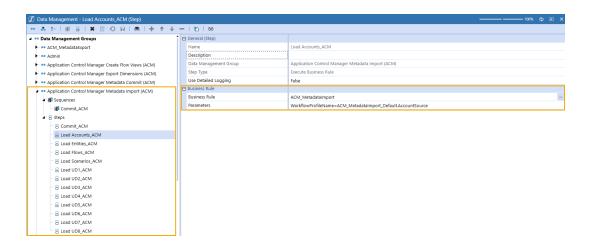
The Workflow Profiles are used to import metadata into the OneStream platform staging tables. After the information is loaded, Application Control Manager analyzes to determine differences that exist between OneStream and metadata loaded into the application staging table. The system looks for differences in this order:

- 1. Missing members in the metadata compared to the source metadata
- 2. Existing members that must be moved or copied to a different hierarchy
- 3. Updates to existing member properties

If updates are found, a request in the application will be generated. The results of this process are displayed on the main home page of the application.

Data Management Groups

A Data Management Group called **Application Control Manager Metadata Import (ACM)** with default sequences and steps is created during installation. These steps are configured to handle the process of loading and committing metadata updates to OneStream.



Each supported dimension type has associated steps that are pre-configured to connect to the default business rule. The parameters are setup with the default workflow profiles created during installation.

When running these steps, it will perform the following processes:

- Loads the data from the database or file into the workflow for the current global POV time and scenario
- Compares the data loaded into staging to the existing OneStream members for the selected dimension and determines which members must be added
- Compares the data loaded into staging to the existing OneStream hierarchy for the selected dimension and determines which updates are required to the overall hierarchy
- Compares the data loaded into staging to the existing OneStream members and determines which properties must be modified
- Compares the existing members and hierarchy in OneStream to the data loaded into the staging to determine which members must be removed from the hierarchy. Any member not in the import file/table is marked as orphaned in OneStream. The member is not deleted.
- Generates an Application Control Manager request that performs all the required operations in a single transaction

After a request has been generated, the **Commit All Metadata Updates** data management step runs to commit the updates to the system.

Global POV Time

When running a metadata file import, the data is loaded in the current year and month. Staging tables and the Global Time is set to a full year.

If **Enforce Global POV** is set to **True**, the load process uses the value set in the Global POV. If the Global POV is set to a date format other than YYYYMM, the workflow profile will not load properly and an error message will be displayed.

If set to **False**, the data management source system import process ignores any Global POV settings and instead uses the system date and time to determine the period for loading data.

Import Varying Properties

The following type of properties will require special setup in the import source file to account for storing multiple different intersections for the same member. These properties are:

- Any type of varying properties. See the <u>Properties</u> section in this guide for more information.
- · Cultural and Cultural descriptions
- Shared member or alternate hierarchy member

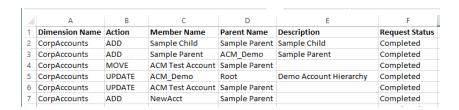
See Importing Shared Member and Varying Properties section for instructions.

Exports

There are two types of exports available on the Exports page: Export Requests and Export Dimensions.

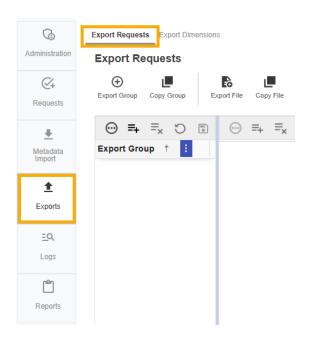
Export Requests

The Export Requests allows users to export request details into a file and folder of their choice. Here is an example of an exported .csv file:



You can configure which properties and information is included in the export file. There is also an option to run the export by a date range as well as the option to setup an Export step in a Request Profile to run the export every time a request is committed.

To configure the Export criteria, navigate to Exports on the left navigation bar and select **Export Requests**.



Use the + and - icons to add or remove items in the grid. Below is an example of an Export Group, files, and the file content setup:



- Export Group: A collection of files to be exported
 - ° File Name: The title of the file
 - ° Export Location: The file location after it is exported
 - Local
 - File Share
 - ° File Path: The location of the file

- File Extension: File extension examples include txt, pdf, xls, doc, and csv.
- Delimiter: Delimiters are used to separate the export properties on file
- OverwriteFile: If selected, the file can be overwritten
- HasHeader: Indicates if the file has a header row
- PropsInRow: If selected, properties in the row can be set
- FilterActions: This setting is used to specify if only certain actions are allowed to get exported. If not selected, all actions will be included in the file.
- FileActions: Actions that can be added to the file such as add, modify, and remove

The next section allows you to specify data or properties that are included in the export file.



- Header Label: Description of the header column of your choice
- Order: Display order of the header columns
- **Field Type**: The type of header properties. Selections include:
 - ∘ Input Value
 - Property Value
 - Property Name
 - Property Label

- Flow Action
- Flow Dimension
- ∘ Flow Dimension Label
- Flow Dimension Name
- Request Status
- **Property**: Name of the property
- Input Value: If the Field Type is not defined, this will be the default value for the property.
- **FixedInRow**: If PropsInRow is selected, the export will look for properties that are not set as FixedInRow

Export Requests Toolbar

Export Requests

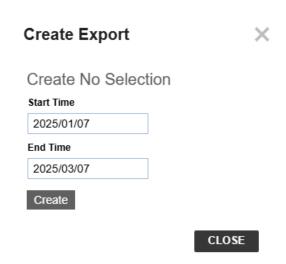








• **Export Group**: This will bring up the date range window. Click **Create** to run the export for all files within the selected group.

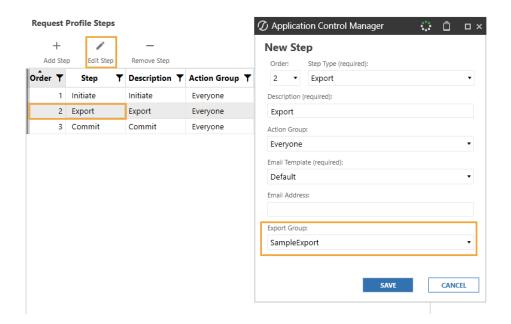


- Copy Group: Make a copy of the selected group and all the files within the group.
- Export File: This will bring up the date range window. Click Create to run the export for the single selected file.
- Copy File: Make a copy of the selected file and all of the properties criteria within the file. _
 COPY will be added at the end of the file name.

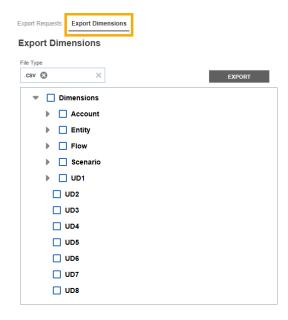
Set up an Export Step in the Request Profile

An Export step can be added to any Request Profile after the Initiate step but prior to the Commit step. When the request reaches the Export step, the user will manage the request by clicking on the **Manage** icon from the home page. Then click **Submit** to advance to the next step. The export process will run when the request is committed.

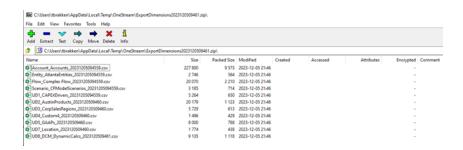
When adding the Export step in the Request Profile, select the **Export Group** from the drop-down. This is required for the Export step to save.



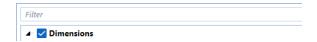
Export Dimension



Dimensions can be exported into CSV format. Exported dimensions populate as a .zip file to the file location selected by the user within File Share. The dimension(s) exported are individual CSV files sorted by dimension type in the .zip file.



NOTE: When looking for a dimension, you can search by inputting a partial name of the dimension above the hierarchy view.



Dimension data is in Parent-Child relationship format and contains all OneStream properties.

The following is an example of a .csv file:



NOTE: Custom properties created in Application Control Manager are not included in the export.

For members that are shared across different parents, it will display each relationship in separate rows. This is the same for members containing varying member properties.

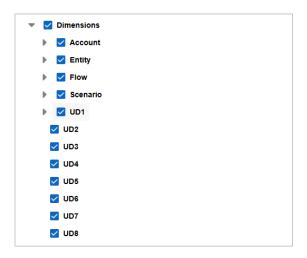
When selecting a folder, ensure it is a folder you have access to otherwise an error message will populate.

Steps to Export a Dimension

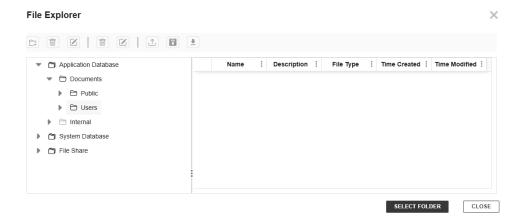
1. Select the drop-down menu for your file type.



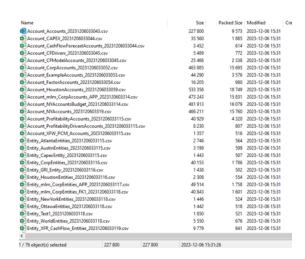
2. Choose the dimension(s) you would like to export in the hierarchical tree view. You can multi-select the dimensions or select all dimensions.



- 3. Once your selections have been made, click the **Export** button on the right side of the page.
- 4. Notice your file explorer pops up. Select a folder to add the .zip file to.

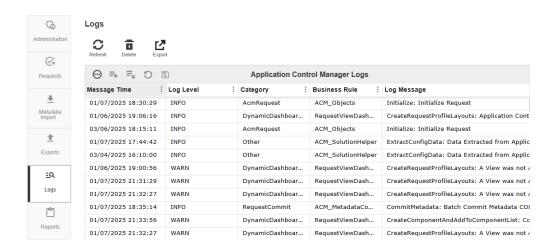


5. Once the file has successfully loaded, open the file and find your .csv files split up by dimension.



Logs

Application Control Manager has detailed logging where administrators can view all of the processing events including errors that have occurred in the solution. This log also contains the request activities entries.



- Message Time: Time stamp for the activity
- Log Level: Captures the type of Log item that was written (for example, Information, Warning, Error, or Fatal)
- Category: The organization of the system type that generated that Log Entry
- Business Rule: Business Rule responsible for writing the Log Entry
- Log Message: Description of the activity
- User Name: Login name of the user who performed the activity
- Exception Trace: The full path of the error. These breadcrumbs lead to the error.

Logs Toolbar

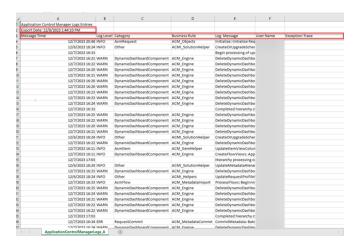
Logs







- Refresh: Refreshes the entire grid to the most updated version
- Delete: Deletes all log entries
- Export: Exports all log entries into a .csv file. These columns will display identical to the information in the grid. In the top left corner of your .csv file you will see the time that you exported the file. Refer to the example below:



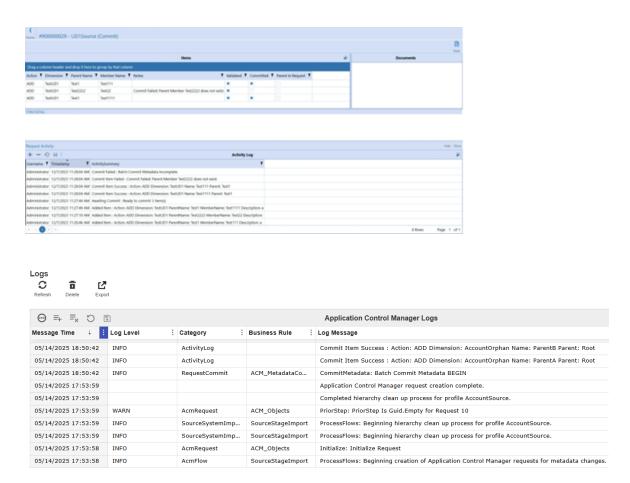
The following are examples of different log messages:

Failed Commit: When the request is committed unsuccessfully.

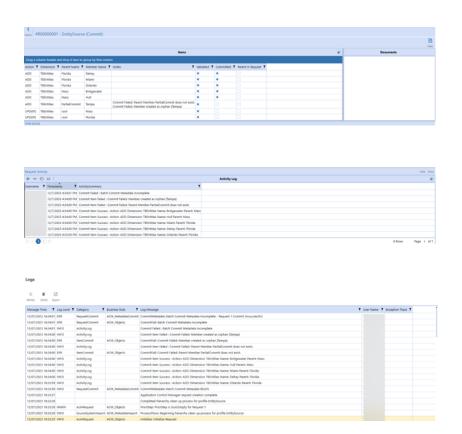


Partial Commit: When only a part of the request is committed successfully. These log messages vary based on whether the request is a metadata import or a user-initiated request.

• **User-Initiated Example**: You have multiple line items in a user-initiated request and for one of the lines, the parent member doesn't exist. This will fail the commit for that single line item but will commit all the other line items.

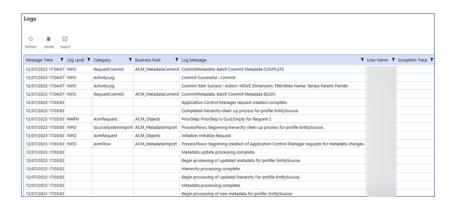


Metadata Import File Example: You have a Metadata File with a line item that does not
have an existing parent member. When on the Commit step, everything but that line item
will be committed to your Dimension Library.



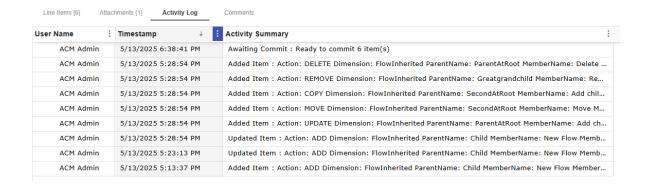
Successful Commit: When all line items in your request (Metadata Import or User-Initiated) have been successfully committed.





Request Activity

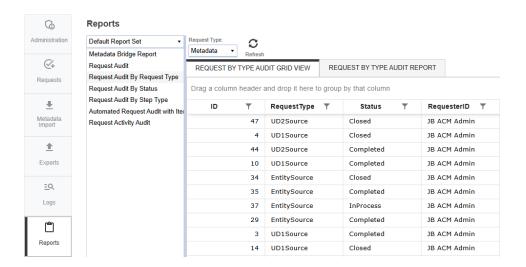
The Request Activity log can be found on the Requests details page and shows a running log of the current activity specific to a selected request. For more information on the request details page, see Request Pages.



Reports

The Reports page allows you to view existing reports. Reports are displayed according to the report configuration set by the application administrator.

Upon installation, seven default reports are available to you. For information on creating a custom report, see Create Custom Reports.



- **Metadata Bridge Report**: Displays the requester, all metadata changes made, action, and status in Application Control Manager.
- Request Audit: Displays all requests made in a specified time (in days).
- Request Audit by Request Type: Displays the audit report specified by request type.
- Request Audit by Status: Displays the audit report by status.
- Request Audit by Step Type: Displays the audit report by step type.
- Automated Request Audit with Item Detail: Displays all requests that were automated from a source system into Application Control Manager.

 Request Activity Audit: Displays all activity that has happened in a specified audit time (in days).

Share Report Data

To share the data from the Grid View tab, right click anywhere on the table, select **Export** and then select the format for export:

- Excel XML
- CSV
- Text
- HTML

To send data from the report tab, click the **Export** or **Send** selector from the toolbar and then select the format for export:



Additionally, reports can be printed from the report tab toolbar.

Practical Use Cases

The following topics provide a more detailed look into the use of features offered in Application Control Manager.

Sample User-initiated Request

The following section illustrates how to set up a user-initiated request process starting from setting up the Request Profile to committing the change to the Dimension Library.

In this example we will:

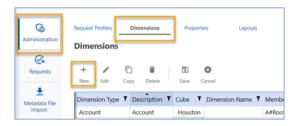
- Add a new account and enrich it with a custom property.
- · Assign a validation to the custom property.
- Update an existing description and move the member to a new parent.
- Approve the request with a read-only layout.
- Commit the request to the OneStream Dimension Library.

The following assumptions apply to this example:

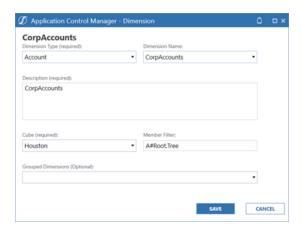
- There are OneStream security groups called ACM_Requesters, ACM_Enrichers, and ACM_Approvers.
- The ACM Test Mode is set to True.
- There is an Account hierarchy called CorpAccounts in the Houston cube.

Set Up a User-initiated Request Profile

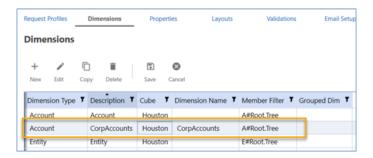
1. Go to **Administration > Dimensions**. Click the **New** icon to open the editing page.



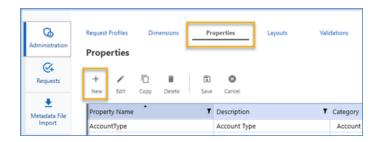
2. Select CorpAccounts in the Houston cube .



Click the SAVE button, and you should see the changes saved in the Dimension grid.Dimension setup is now complete.



4. Go to the **Properties** page to create the custom property for use in the enrich step. Click the **New** icon to open the editing page.

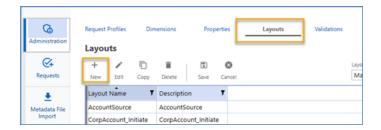


5. We are going to create a custom property named **Effective Date** with a default date format of mm/dd/yyyy. After we create the layout, we will assign a validation to this property.

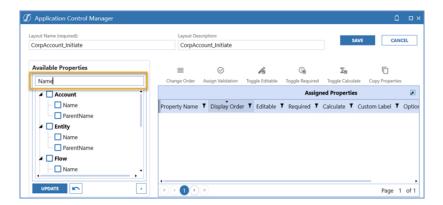


Creating a custom property is now complete.

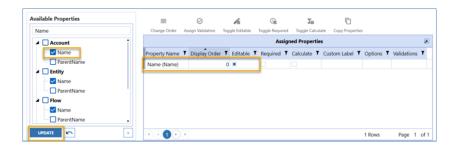
6. Navigate to **Layouts** and click on the **New** icon to open the editing page. We are going to create three different layouts, one for each of the steps.



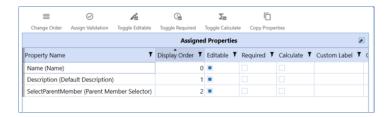
7. First we will create a layout for the requester to input the changes. Give the layout a unique name and description. Then, in the **Filter** field, enter the first property (Name) to search for it instantly.



8. Select the check box next to the Name property, then click the **UPDATE** button, and you should see the property move to the **Assigned Properties** grid on the right.

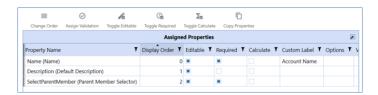


9. Repeat steps seven and eight to continue adding properties to the layout.

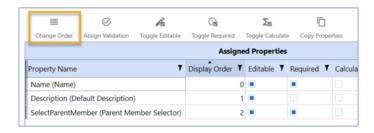


TIP: You can select multiple properties in the Available Properties list and then click the **UPDATE** button to move all selected properties to the grid at one time.

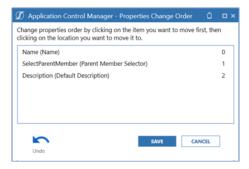
10. To make the Name and Parent Member properties a required field, select the check box in the **Required** column. We also want to give the custom label name of Account Name. Click the **Save** button and it should look like this:



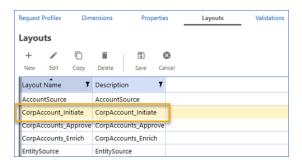
11. Now we want to move the Description to the last position. Click on the **Change Order** icon to open the editing page.



12. Click **Description** and then **SelectParentMember** and you will see their positions swap. Click the **SAVE** button to close the window.



13. Click the **Save** icon to save the layout. Navigate to the **Layouts** page and you should see CorpAccount Initiate in the grid.

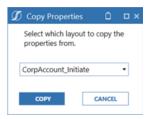


14. Now we will create a layout for the **Enrich** step. Follow previous instructions to open a new Layout editor page.

This time we will use the **Copy Properties** feature to quickly copy the same properties from the CorpAccount Initiate layout.



15. From the Copy Properties dialog box, select the CorpAccount_Initiate layout. Click the COPY button and you should see the properties copied over in the Assigned Properties grid.



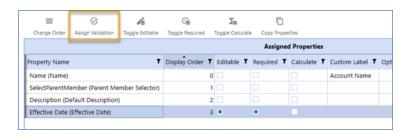
16. Add the **Effective Date** custom property to this enrich layout. To protect data integrity, we also want to prevent the enricher from changing values that the requester has input. Make the properties un-editable by clearing the **Editable** check box.

The result should look like this:

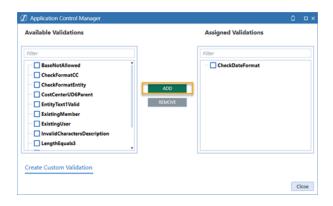


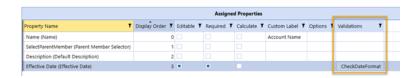
TIP: Use the Toggle Editable and Toggle Required to quickly select all check boxes.

17. Now we will assign the **Check Date Format** validation (which is a pre-installed validation) to the Effective Date. In the grid, select the **Effective Date** property, then click the **Assign Validation** icon to open the assign window.



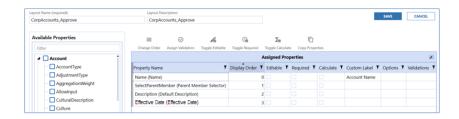
18. Select the check box next to CheckDateFormat and click the ADD button to move it to the Assigned Validations pane. Close the window and you should see the Validations column in the grid updated.



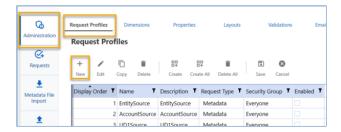


Click the **Save** button and the Enrich layout is now complete.

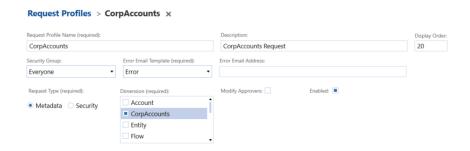
19. Next, repeat previous steps and create a read-only layout for the Approve step. The result should look like the following image. Save the three layouts.



Next, navigate to the **Request Profiles** page and click the **New** icon to open the editing page.



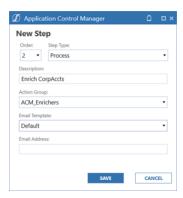
21. Here we will name the profile CorpAccounts, with a description of CorpAccounts Request. The request type is Metadata and the Dimension is what we have set up, CorpAccounts. Select the Enabled check box to make it visible for the user to select.



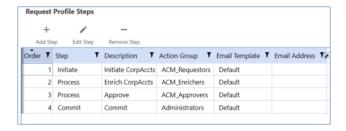
22. On the **Request Profile Steps** grid, change the description for the Initiate step and the action group as needed. Then, click the **Add Step** icon to open the editing page.



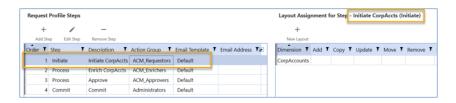
23. The next step in the request is Enrich. We will select the step type, Process, and type the description Enrich CorpAccts. Set the Action Group to the appropriate security group. Click the SAVE button.



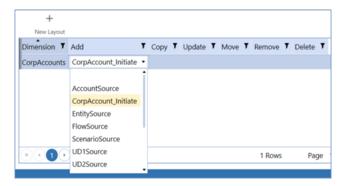
24. Repeat the previous step and add the Approval and Commit steps. The result should look like this:



25. Next, in the grid, select the **Initiate** step. On the right-side pane above the **Layout** Assignment grid, you should see the title change to **Initiate CorpAccts (Initiate)**.



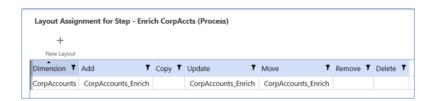
26. Since we want to allow Add, Update, and Move for this profile, we need to assign a layout to these actions to activate them. Click the **Add** column cell to open a drop-down list. Select the **CorpAccounts_Initiate** layout that we just created.



27. Assign the same layout to Update and Move actions. Make sure to click the **Save** button before you continue. The result should look like this:



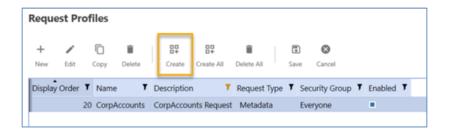
28. Select the **Enrich** step, and assign the enrich layout to the same Add, Update, and Move actions.



- TIP: Check the title to confirm you are on the correct step.
- 29. Repeat the process to assign the layout to the Approve step.



30. Save the Request Profile and navigate to the Request Profile page. Select the CorpAccounts Request line and click the Create icon to generate the dynamic dashboard. The request profile setup is now complete.



Create a User-initiated Request

This is the current hierarchy for our CorpAccounts:

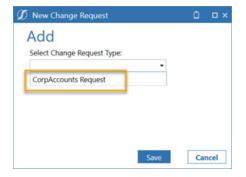


Our objectives in this exercise are to submit a single change request with the following three line items:

- Create a new parent called Sample Parent under ACM_Demo and create a new child called Sample Child under this new parent.
- Move the ACM Test Account under the new Sample Parent.
- Update the description of ACM_Demo to Demo Account Hierarchy.

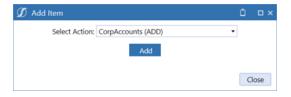
 On the left navigation panel, select Requests and click the Create icon. A window will open. Select CorpAccounts Request and click the Save button.





2. On the Request Detail page, click the Add icon and select CorpAccounts (ADD).





3. The properties display in the **Item Detail** section.

TIP: If there are no properties showing, make sure you have clicked on Create on the Request Profile page to generate the dynamic dashboard.

Input the values and click the Save icon.



TIP: Click the ellipsis to open the Member Selector window.

4. The item grid should be refreshed and the first line item is displayed.

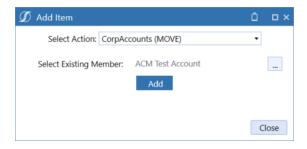


5. Next, we will add the Sample Child member. Click Add and select CorpAccounts (ADD) again. Since ACM_Demo is a new parent, we will select the Is the Parent included in the current request? check box.

Click Save to save the line item.

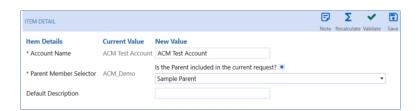


 Next, click Add and select CorpAccounts (MOVE). Select the member ACM Test Account and click the Add button.

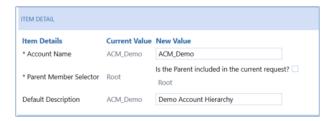


7. In the ITEM DETAIL, you should see the Current Value and the New Value columns.
Select the Is the Parent included in the current request? check box and change the new parent to be Sample Parent.

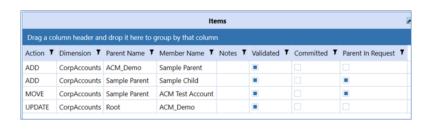
Click the Save icon to save the line item.

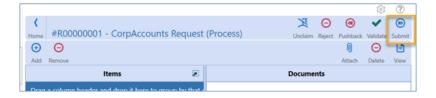


Next, click Add and select CorpAccounts (UPDATE). Change the description for ACM_
 Demo to be Demo Account Hierarchy.



9. The Items grid should look like this. Click the **Submit** icon to go to the next Enrich step.

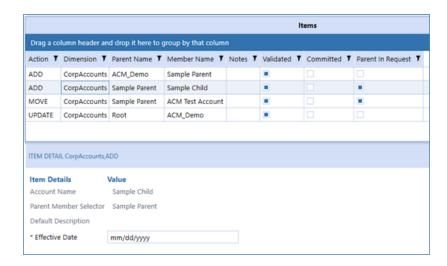




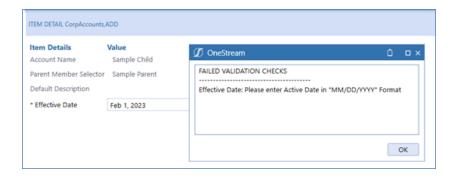
10. You should now be on the Request Home Page and the request status and step label should be changed to Waiting and Enrich CorpAccts. The Initiate step is now complete.



11. As an Enricher, select the request and select Manage to open the Request Detail page. Select the new member Sample Child line item and you should see the Effective Date property in the ITEM DETAIL section. Notice the other properties are not editable.



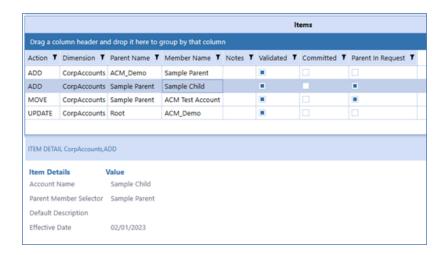
12. To test the date format validation, type Feb 1, 2023 in the box and click **Save**. You should receive an error message.



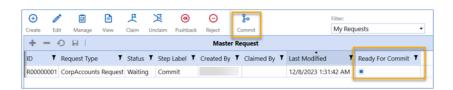
- 13. Now enter 02/01/2023 and click **Save** again. It should save this time. Click **Submit** to proceed to the next Approval step.
- 14. The request status and step label have now changed to **Waiting** and **Approve**.



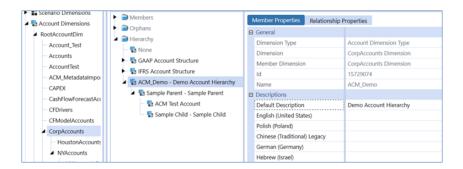
15. As an Approver, select the request and click **Manage** to open the **Request Detail** page. Notice all properties are now read-only. Click **Submit** to proceed to the next step.



16. The request status and step label have now changed to Waiting and Commit. Notice the Ready to Commit is selected by default. As an Administrator, click the Commit icon on the home page to commit the request.



17. Finally, navigate to Application > Dimension Library and you should now see your changes reflected in the CorpAccounts dimension. The change request process is now complete.



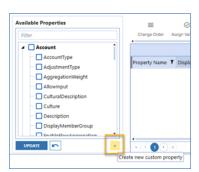
Tips

After you familiarize yourself with the various administration components needed to complete a Request Profile, there are some tips to make the setup process even easier with fewer clicks.

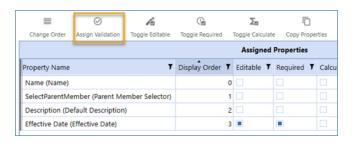
 Instead of going to the Layouts page to create a new layout, you can create a layout on the Request Profile editing page using the New Layout icon.



Rather than using the Properties page to create a new custom property, you can do so
directly on the Layout editing page. Use the + icon at the bottom of the Available
Properties pane to open the properties editing page.



On the Layout editing page, you can assign a validation to a property by clicking the
 Assigned Validation icon rather than going to the Validations page to do the assignment.



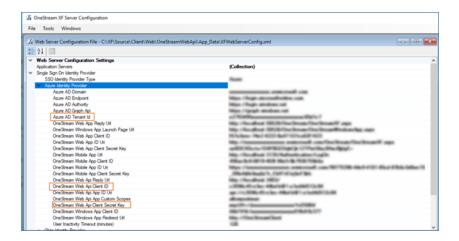
Set Up Migrate Request Environment

The Migration feature of Application Control Manager keeps the dimension hierarchies between two OneStream installations or applications aligned with one another by migrating the requests.

This is accomplished by using the REST API built into OneStream. The REST API in the source environment requires setup on the server side to ensure that the correct configuration is in place. Request the following details for your Azure Single Sign-on configuration from your technical support representative:

- Azure AD Tenant ID
- OneStream Web API Client ID
- OneStream Web API Client Secret Key
- Source OneStream System URL
- Source OneStream System Application Name

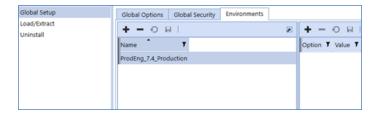
The first three values can be found in the OneStream WebServerconfig.xml:



Setup Remote Source Server Environment

You must set up a Remote Source Server Environment to start Migration.

- 1. Navigate to **Settings > Global Setup > Environments**.
- 2. Click + in Name Table Editor.
- 3. Create and enter an Environment Name under the Name field.
- 4. Save the environment name.



Create Environment Options

Next you must create the Environment that surrounds the source system.

- 1. Click + in Options / Value Table Editor.
- 2. Click the Option column to display the list of Environment Options.

NOTE: If the remote server is a OneStream IdentityServer (OIS) with a personal access token (PAT), only the ClientUrl, ClientApp, and PAT options are necessary.

NOTE: If the remote server is a Legacy Azure SSO Environment, TenantID, Client ID, ClientKey, ClientUrl, and ClientApp options are necessary. PAT is not needed.

The TenantID, ClientKey, and ClientUrl can all be found in the Server XFConfig file under the following keys:

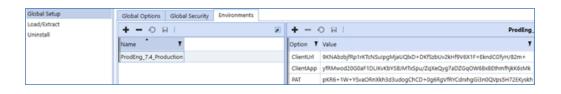
TenantID: AzureADTenantId

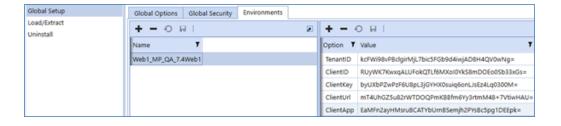
ClientID: AzureADClientId

ClientKey: AzureADWebApiSecretKey

ClientUrl: XFWebApiUrl (only the URL's protocol and domain are needed)

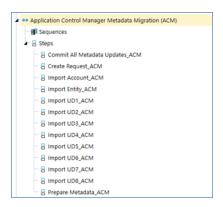
ClientApp is the remote server's application that is being used for Migration.



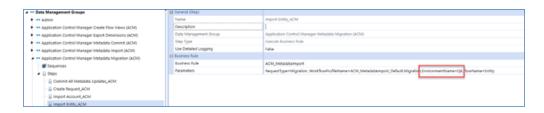


Data Management Job Configuration

The metadata synchronization process is run using a Data Management job in OneStream. When Application Control Manager is installed, a Data Management Group named Application Control Manager Metadata Migration (ACM) containing associated steps is automatically created:



As with other features in Application Control Manager, there is a step associated with each of the dimensions in OneStream. To complete the setup, you must update the **Parameters** section of the step. The default parameters are entered in the initial setup step from Application Control Manager:



- The Request Type is set to Migration and should not be changed.
- The WorkflowProfileName is set to ACM_MetadataImport_Default.Migration and should not be changed.

- The EnvironmentName is set to the environment name previously created in the <u>Setup</u> Remote Source Server Environment section.
- The RequestProfileName is set to the Request Profile Description that you plan to use for the Migration.

Execution

When any of the Data Management Load steps are executed, the following processes occurs:

- Prepare metadata on remote (source system)
 - Using the REST API that was configured in the Application Control Manager system administration screen, the system remotely executes a Data Management setup on the source system named Application Control Manager Metadata Migration (ACM) > Prepare Metadata.
 - This process gathers all metadata information including the member list, hierarchy, and properties for the dimension specified in the workflow profile. This information is stored in a temporary staging table in the database.
- Retrieve metadata from a remote system
 - Using the REST API, make a built-in API call named
 GetAdoDataSetForSqlCommand on the remote system. The system pulls the
 information and loads it into the local (destination) OneStream application database
 for further processing.
- After the data is loaded into the database, the same processing that occurs during a
 metadata import takes place. If any updates are required, the system automatically
 generates a request, which can be committed using the Application Control Manager
 Metadata Migration (ACM) > Commit All Metadata Updates Data Management step.

Configure Request Profiles with Migration Step

Application Control Manager can migrate requests from one OneStream environment to another. You can use this as a testing feature to see how metadata updates will impact a production system before committing them in that environment. You can also use it to keep two systems synchronized with each other.

Before continuing, follow the setup steps outlined in the Metadata Synchronization section. You must set up a destination environment where requests will be sent.

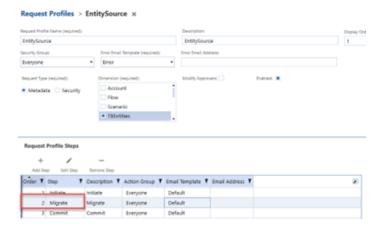
If you have a large data set to migrate (>100k of data), make sure to increase your Command

Timeout or Task Inactivity Timeout (minutes) settings under Database Server Connections >

Connection String Settings > Command Timeout or Application Server Configuration

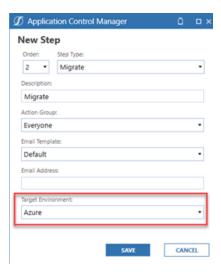
Settings > Task Inactivity Timeout (minutes).

Add a new step to any request profile you have configured in the system. In the Application Control Manager administration screen, select Request Profiles and edit or create a profile to use for the migration. Add a new step to the profile after the Initiate step and select **Migrate**.



Select the appropriate target environment to commit the request to. This was defined in the prior configuration step. Select your Target Environment:

Practical Use Cases



When you create a new request in the system and advance from the initiate step, you will see the system report the next step as **Migrate**:



When you manage this request and advance to the next step, the system automatically connects to the target environment REST API and pushes the request information from the source system to the destination environment and automatically commits the request. After reviewing and testing in that environment, return to the source system and continue processing as you typically would.

Set Up Metadata Import Excel Template

This section guides you through how to create an Excel template to import metadata into Application Control Manager. When setting up your Metadata Import Template, if you do not specify a value for a specific member, that property will use the default option.

IMPORTANT: Processing a request with parent as 'Root' is case sensitive. The parent value must be 'Root' in order to create a line item for that member.

File Tabs

Create a new Excel file with two tabs: Tree and Members.

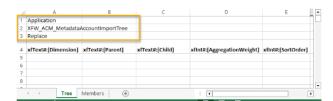


Headers

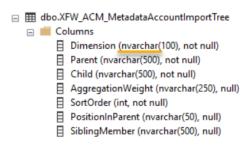
On the **Tree** tab, the first rows should be fixed to:

- Row 1, Column A: Application
- Row 2, Column A: XFW_ACM_[Dimension Tree Table Name] (See <u>Import Add-On</u> Staging Tables for the full name.)
- Row 3, Column A: Replace

• **Row 4**: Property name with a prefix of xfText#:[] or xflnt#. The order of column names must match the order in the associated Layouts.

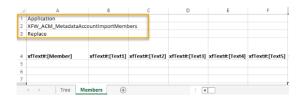


NOTE: The property field type can be found in the database columns definition. For example, nvarchar is a Text type.



On the **Members** tab, the first rows should be fixed to:

- Row 1, Column A: Application
- Row 2, Column A: XFW_ACM_[Dimension Member Table Name]
- Row 3, Column A: Replace
- Row 4: Property name with a prefix of xfText#:[] or xfInt:#. The order of column names must match the order in the associated Layouts.



Named Range

Application Control Manager looks for the Named Range defined in the Excel file to determine what to import. Ensure the ranges cover the entire data set in your file. The two required name ranges are:

- xftProjectTree: Refers to ranges in the Tree tab
- xftProjectMembers: Refers to ranges in the Member tab

Import Shared Members and Varying Properties

When importing metadata containing shared members or varying properties, ensure that each shared member and varying property combination is separated by different rows. For shared members, make sure all properties are identical.

Example showing a shared member setup in the **Tree** tab:

Dimension	Parent	Child	Aggregation Weight	Sort Order
Account	GAAP	Shared Member	1	1
Account	IFRS	Shared Member	1	10

Example showing a shared member with varying properties by **Time** in the **Members** tab:

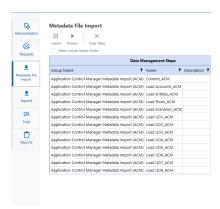
<u>Member</u>	Injust Frequency	Time Val
Scenario Member	HalfYearly	2018
Scenario Member	Quarterly	2019
Scenario Member	Yearly	2020

Example showing a shared member with varying properties by **Scenario** type and **Time** in the **Members** tab:

Member	<u>Formula</u>	Scenario Type	Time Val
10000 - Cash Deposits	Sample Formula 1	Actual	2023Q1
10000 - Cash Deposits	Sample Formula 2	Budget	2023Q1
10000 - Cash Deposits	Sample Formula 3	Actual	2023Q2

NOTE: The Remove Stored Item feature available in User-Initiate requests or the OneStream Dimension Library is not functional with Metadata Import process. To remove a stored item or revert to the property default value for **Vary By Scenario Type and Time** properties, either manually update in the Dimension Library or use the User-Initiate request process.

You can give the file any name and save it in any folder location. To upload the Excel template, select Metadata File Import from the left navigation panel. Click Import, and the Windows File Explorer browser will display for you to navigate to the file within your selected folder.



Set Up Custom Metadata File Import

You can set up Application Control Manager to pull metadata from a file location of your choice or combine with PowerShell scripts and the Task Scheduler to fully automate the process.

You can also automate the import and commit steps to no longer include user interaction before committing the request. Additionally, you can add a required step for individuals on the Finance team to review and enrich the request before manually committing it into the system.

Manage the following components if you are setting up a custom Metadata File Import process in Application Control Manager:

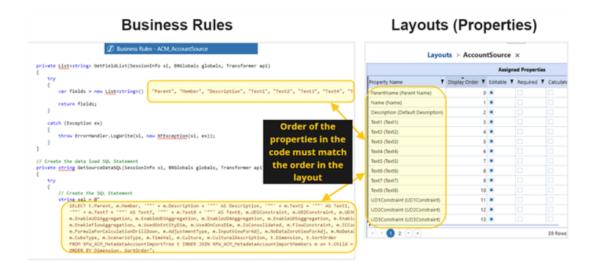
Define Metadata Import Properties

The pre-installed layouts contain all properties associated with the dimension type. You can modify these layouts so that the properties you want to maintain are included. After you have defined these properties, ensure the Business Rule Connector is coded with the same set of properties and in the same order as the layout.

Set Up Business Rules

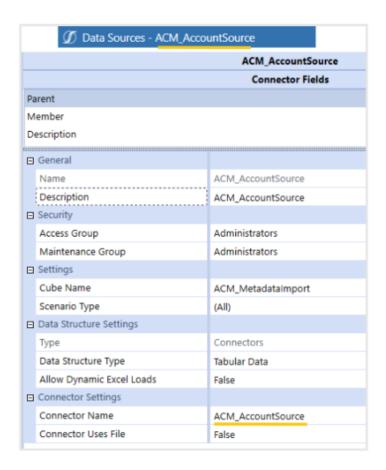
The pre-installed Business Rule Connector can be modified, or you can create your own. Ensure the properties coded in the Business Rule Connector match the layout that you want to use for the import process.

NOTE: It is important that both the properties and the order of properties match between the layouts and the Business Rules.



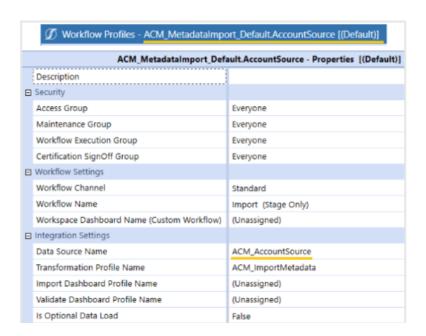
Set Up Data Sources

You can modify the pre-installed Data Sources Connector or create your own. When creating your own, update the Connector Settings to reference the correct Business Rules.



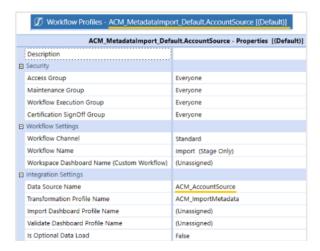
Workflow Profiles

Pre-installed Workflow Profiles can also be modified, or you can create your own. When creating your own, update the Data Source Name to reference the correct Data Sources Connector.



Data Management Groups

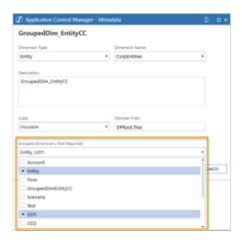
You can modify pre-installed Data Management Groups or create your own. When creating your own, update the Business Rule and reference the appropriate Workflow Profiles name.



Set Up and Use Grouped Dimensions

The Grouped Dimensions feature is useful when updating a member that exists in multiple dimensions. When using this feature, note that the selected dimension name on the metadata will not be updated on a request with grouped dimensions. Only the group dimensions will be updated. The following is an example of how-to setup Grouped Dimensions to add a member to both Entity and UD1 dimensions in a single request.

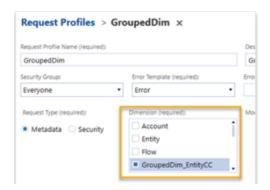
1. Navigate to the **Administration > Dimensions** page and ensure the dimensions you want to group are assigned to a Cube and Dimension Name.



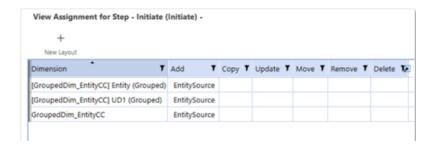
2. Select the **Create** icon to create a new Dimension assignment. Select the desired dimensions under the Grouped Dimensions drop-down.

NOTE: A dimension cannot be grouped to itself, so the current dimension under edit will not be included in the list of dimensions eligible for grouping.

3. Next, create a **Request Profile** and select the newly created Grouped Dimension.



4. Assign the layouts to each action you want allowed in the request.



- 5. Return to the Request Profiles summary page and click on Create to generate the dynamic dashboards for the profile.
- 6. After a request is submitted, a line item will automatically be generated for the same member in both the Entity and UD1 dimensions.

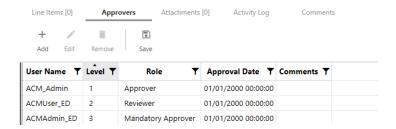


Use Modify Approvers

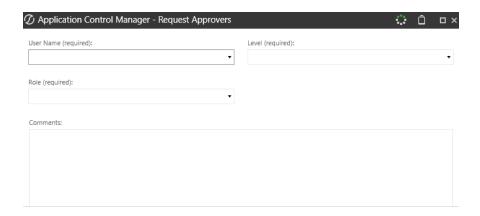
IMPORTANT: Using the Modify Approvers feature will bypass the security groups in the Request Profile.

When the option to allow users to modify approvers is enabled in the Request Profile, users will see the Approvers tab on the Request Detail page.

On the Approvers sub-page you can add, edit, or remove approvers from your request. The approvers grid displays users who have already been added as approvers to your request.



Click Add and the Request Approvers dialog box will appear. The User Name drop-down displays all users in the applications. People added to the approvers grid will have access to manage the request regardless of whether or not they belong to the security group configured in the Request Profile steps.



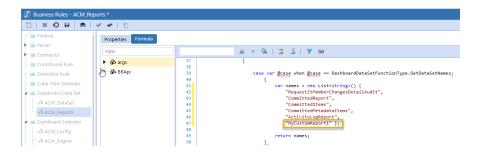
Create Custom Reports

You can add custom reports using combinations of business rules, dashboard data adapters, dashboard components, and dashboards.

NOTE: Any custom reports that use custom components are removed when performing an **Uninstall UI**. The ACM_Reports business rule is overwritten during an upgrade. Any customizations to this business rule must be backed up and merged into the updated business rule.

Follow the sample steps below to add a new custom report to show the values of the custom properties **FlowReason** and **FlowPriority**.

- Add the report definition to the ACM_Reports by navigating to Business Rules > Dashboard Data Set > ACM_Reports.
- 2. Add the report to the list of reports. Be sure to add the comma to the previous line.



3. Copy and paste rows 112-121 and update for the new report name.

```
else if (args.DataSetName.Equals("ActivityLogReport", StringComparison.InvariantCultureIgnoreCase))

// Get the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];

string endTime = args.NameValuePairs["EndTime"];

return GetActivityLogReport(si, startTime, endTime);

// Get the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["EndTime"];

// Get the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];

string endTime = args.NameValuePairs["EndTime"];

return GetMyCustomReport1(si, startTime, endTime);

// Part of the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["EndTime"];

return GetMyCustomReport1(si, startTime, endTime);

// Part of the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["EndTime"];

// Part of the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];

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string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];

// Part of the Start / End Time parameters for Metadata Audit queries
string startTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];

// StartTime = args.NameValuePairs["StartTime"];
```

4. Insert the following code after line 331:

```
private DataTable GetMyCustomReportl(SessionInfo si, string startTime, string endTime)
    try
    {
        using (DbConnInfo dbConnFW = BRApi.Database.CreateFrameworkDbConnInfo(si))
            using (DbConnInfo dbConnApp = BRApi.Database.CreateApplicationDbConnInfo(si))
    endTime = endTime.Replace("/", "-") + " 23:59:59";
    // Create the data table to return
    var sql = new System.Text.StringBuilder();
                sql.Append("Select r.ID, r.RequesterID, r.Status, ");
                sql.Append("'Commit' As StepType, f.Label, r.LastModified, ");
                sql.Append("'" + startTime + "' As CriteriaStartTime, ");
                sql.Append("'" + endTime + "' As CriteriaEndTime, ");
            //For item level properties, use i.ItemProperties instead of r.RequestProperties
                sql.Append("JSON Value(r.RequestProperties, '$.Properties.FlowReason') As
FlowReason, ");
                sql.Append("JSON Value(r.RequestProperties, '$.Properties.FlowPriority') As
FlowPriority ");
            //FOR ITEM LEVEL PROPERTIES, UNCOMMENT NEXT 2 LINES
                // sql.Append("From " + ACM_Globals.m_ItemView + " i ");
                // sql.Append("RIGHT Join " + ACM Globals.m MasterRequestView + " r On
i.FKRequestID = r.RequestID ");
                sql.Append("From " + ACM Globals.m MasterRequestView + " r ");
                sql.Append("INNER JOIN " + ACM Globals.m StepTable + " s ON r.FKStepID =
s.StepID ");
                sql.Append("INNER JOIN " + ACM Globals.m FlowTable + " f ON r.FKFlowID =
f.FlowID ");
                sql.Append("WHERE s.StepType = 3 AND r.Status = 'Completed' AND ");
                sql.Append("r.LastModified >= '" + startTime + "' And r.LastModified <= '" +</pre>
endTime + "' ");
                sql.Append("ORDER BY r.LastModified DESC");
                using (var dt = BRApi.Database.ExecuteSql(dbConnApp, sql.ToString(), false))
                    dt.TableName = "MyCustomReport1";
                    return dt;
            }
```

```
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
    Logger.Write(si, "Error getting Activity Log Report.", ACM_Globals.LogLevel.ERR,
ACM_Globals.LogCategory.AcmReports, ex);
    throw ErrorHandler.LogWrite(si, new XFException(si, ex));
}
```

This is what it will look like in the business rule:

```
private DataTable GetMyCustomReport1(SessionInfo si, string startTime, string
endTime)
{
try
 {
using (DbConnInfo dbConnFW = BRApi.Database.CreateFrameworkDbConnInfo(si))
using (DbConnInfo dbConnApp = BRApi.Database.CreateApplicationDbConnInfo(si))
endTime = endTime.Replace("/", "-") + " 23:59:59";
// Create the data table to return
var sql = new System.Text.StringBuilder();
sql.Append("SELECT r.ID, r.RequesterID, r.Status, ");
sql.Append("'Commit' AS StepType, f.Label, r.LastModified, ");
sql.Append("'" + startTime + "' AS CriteriaStartTime, ");
sql.Append("'" + endTime + "' AS CriteriaEndTime, ");
// For ITEM LEVEL Properties, use i.ItemProperties instead of r.RequestProperties
sql.Append("JSON_Value(r.RequestProperties, '$.Properties.FlowReason') AS FlowReason, ");
sql.Append("JSON Value(r.RequestProperties, '$.Properties.FlowPriority') AS FlowPriority
");
// For ITEM LEVEL Properties, UNCOMMENT NEXT 2 LINES
// sql.Append("FROM " + ACM Globals.m ItemView + " i ");
// sql.Append("RIGHT JOIN " + ACM Globals.m MasterRequestView + " r ON i.FKRequestID =
r.RequestID");
sql.Append("FROM " + ACM Globals.m MasterRequestView + " r ");
sql.Append("INNER JOIN " + ACM Globals.m StepTable + " s ON r.FKStepID = s.StepID ");
sql.Append("INNER JOIN " + ACM Globals.m FlowTable + " f ON r.FKFlowID = f.FlowID ");
sql.Append("WHERE s.StepType = 3 AND r.Status = 'Completed' AND ");
sql.Append("r.LastModified >= '" + startTime + "' AND r.LastModified <= '" + endTime + "'
");
sql.Append("ORDER BY r.LastModified DESC");
using (var dt = BRApi.Database.ExecuteSql(dbConnApp, sql.ToString(), false))
dt.TableName = "MyCustomReport1";
return dt;
catch (Exception ex)
```

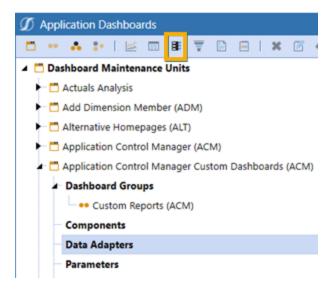
```
throw ErrorHandler.LogWrite(si, new XFException(si, ex));
}
```

5. Compile the business rule to check the syntax.

Add Reports to the Application Control Manager Custom Dashboard

Add the reports to the Application Control Manager Custom dashboard as follows:

- 1. Click Application Dashboards > Dashboard Maintenance Units > Data Adapters.
- 2. Click Create Data Adapter.

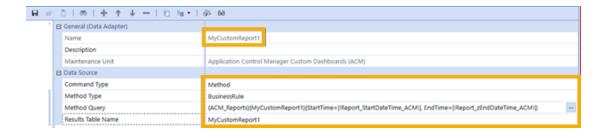


- 3. Enter a name for the data adapter.
- 4. For Command Type select Method.
- 5. For Method Type select Business Rule.

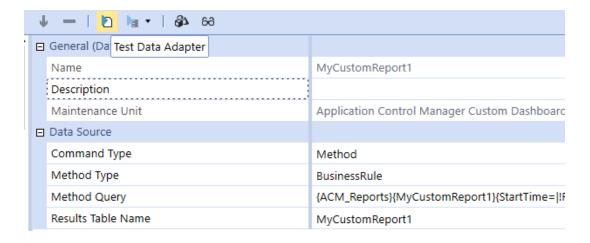
6. For **Method Query**, click the ellipsis and add the following:

{ACM_Reports}{MyCustomReport1}{StartTime=|!Report_StartDateTime_ACM!|, EndTime=|!Report_zEndDateTime_ACM!|}

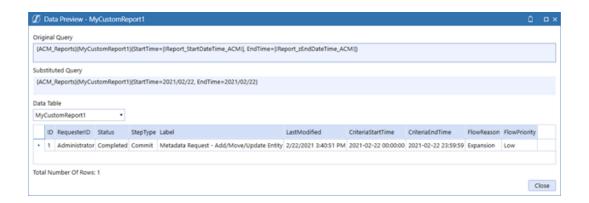
7. In Results Table Name enter MyCustomReport1.



8. Click **Test Data Adapter** to test the adapter.



You should see similar results to this:



Add Multiple Line Items with Mass Update

The following section illustrates how to use the mass update feature to add multiple line-items at once within a request.

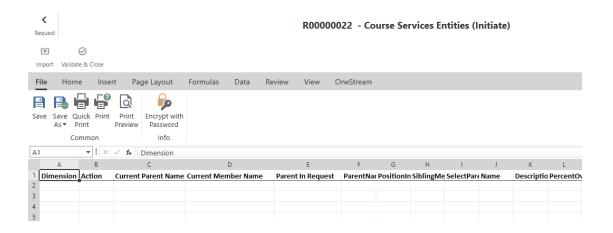
In this example we will:

- Use the OneStream spreadsheet to add multiple line items
- Import a XSLX or XSLM Excel file and append or replace request items
- Test the validations that run within the spreadsheet
- · Edit individual line items that were added using Mass Update

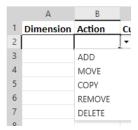
1. Go to the **Requests** page and select **Create** to start a new request.



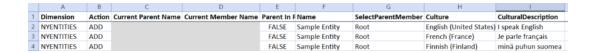
2. Click Mass Update to generate a dynamic spreadsheet. Each spreadsheet populates with three to five fixed columns, depending on the request type. These columns may include: Dimension, Action, Current Parent Name, Current Member Name, and Parent In Request. The other headers reflect the properties assigned in the layout(s) assigned to your request.



3. Use the drop-down menus in the Action, Dimension, and Parent In Request columns to fill those cells.



4. Information can be entered into each cell manually, or users can utilize Excel functions such as copy and paste and drag-down to fill spreadsheet rows.



- 5. To import a file into your Mass Update spreadsheet, first ensure your Excel file is in XSLX or XSLM format and meets the following standards for import:
 - Header property names within your file must match the **Property Names** as you see them when you generate the Mass Update spreadsheet.

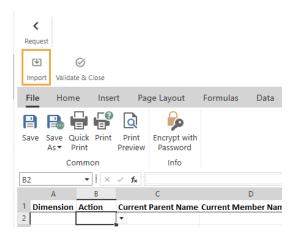
TIP: Generate a Mass Update spreadsheet in your application and click

Save As to download the template onto your local file.

The Excel file should consist of at least one tab titled Line Items.

IMPORTANT: Additional tabs will not import into the Mass Update section. Any additional tabs will not be reflected in your spreadsheet after import.

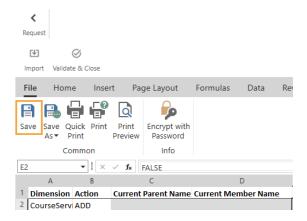
While in the Mass Update spreadsheet window, click **Import** and select your file from the file explorer.



7. If data already exists within your Mass Update spreadsheet, a dialog window will prompt for your selection:

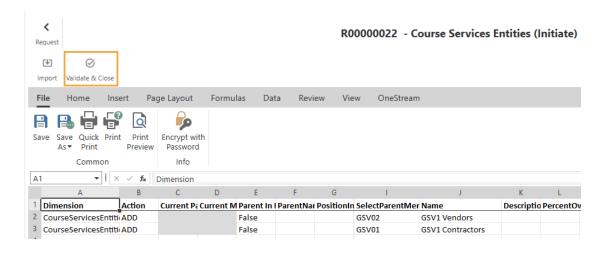


- 8. Select **Append** to proceed.
- Now that your file has imported, click Save to save the newly entered line-items within the spreadsheet.

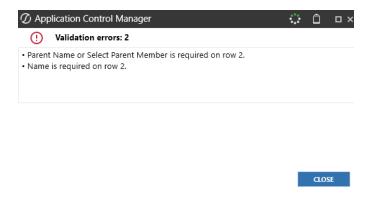


NOTE: This does not apply spreadsheet changes to the Line Item table within the open request, this only saves the changes to the spreadsheet itself.

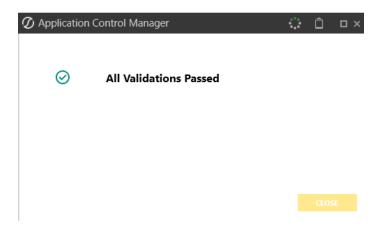
Once the line items have been entered manually, copied, or imported into the application spreadsheet, click **Validate and Close**.



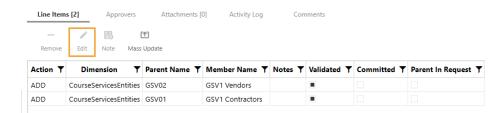
If there are any errors, the changes will not be processed and a dialog box like the one below will open.



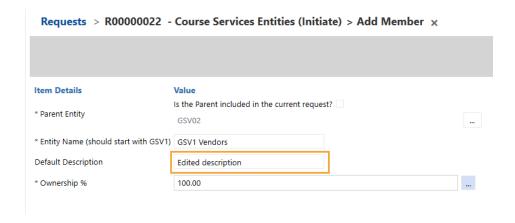
 Once the errors have been resolved, click Validate and Close again. You will see this dialog box.



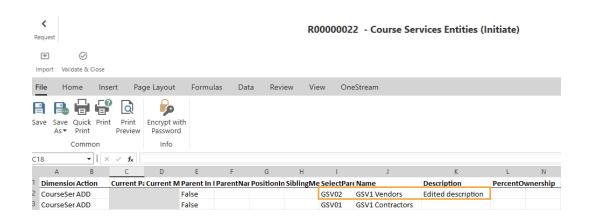
12. Now that we have used our spreadsheet to add the necessary line items, we can modify or remove individual items. Select a line item and click **Edit** to view the item's properties.



13. Here we can see that the information from our spreadsheet is filled into the required fields. Edit the item details using the application page as normal and click **Save**.



14. On the Request page, select Mass Update to generate a spreadsheet with the request line-items listed out and the changes made should now be reflected in the spreadsheet as well.



15. Once you're satisfied with the changes made to your line items, click **Submit** to push the request to the next step.

Help & Miscellaneous Information

? A

Access the help documentation.

Display Settings

OneStream Solutions frequently require the display of multiple data elements for proper data entry and analysis. Therefore, the recommended screen resolution is a minimum of 1920 x 1080 for optimal rendering of forms and reports.

Additionally, OneStream recommends that you adjust the Windows System Display text setting to 100% and do not apply any Custom Scaling options.

Package Contents & Naming Conventions

The package file name contains multiple identifiers that correspond with the platform. Renaming any of the elements contained in a package is discouraged in order to preserve the integrity of the naming conventions.

Example Package Name: ACM_PV8.5.0_SV101_PackageContents.zip

Identifier	Description
ACM	Solution ID
PV8.5.0	Minimum Platform version required to run solution

Identifier	Description
SV101	Solution version
PackageContents	File name

Solution Database Migration Advice

A development OneStream application is the safest method for building out a solution with custom tables such as this one. The relationship between OneStream objects such as workflow profiles and custom solution tables is that they point to the underlying identifier numbers and not the object names as seen in the user interface. Prior to the solution configuration and to ensure the identifiers match within the development and production applications, the development application should be a recent copy of the production application. Once the development application is created, install the solution and begin design. The following process below will help migrate the solution tables properly.

See also: Managing a OneStream Environment in the Design and Reference Guide.

- In the production OneStream application, install the solution and create the data tables.
 See Setup and Installation for Database Server Connection settings and installation details.
- Data tables are created in the OneStream Development application during the solution installation. Using the <u>Microsoft Data Migration Assistant</u>, copy the data from the tables to the Production Microsoft SQL Server Database. Only the Microsoft SQL Administrator should run the migration assistant.

IMPORTANT: This process has the potential to overwrite existing table data in the production application database if data already exists.

OneStream Solution Modification Considerations

A few cautions and considerations regarding the modification of OneStream Solutions:

- Major changes to business rules or custom tables within a OneStream Solution will not be supported through normal channels as the resulting solution is significantly different from the core solution.
- If changes are made to any dashboard object or business rule, consider renaming it or
 copying it to a new object first. This is important because if there is an upgrade to the
 OneStream Solution in the future and the customer applies the upgrade, this will overlay
 and wipe out the changes. This also applies when updating any of the standard reports and
 dashboards.
- If modifications are made to a OneStream Solution, upgrading to later versions will be more
 complex depending on the degree of customization. Simple changes such as changing a
 logo or colors on a dashboard do not impact upgrades significantly. Making changes to the
 custom database tables and business rules, which should be avoided, will make an
 upgrade even more complicated.